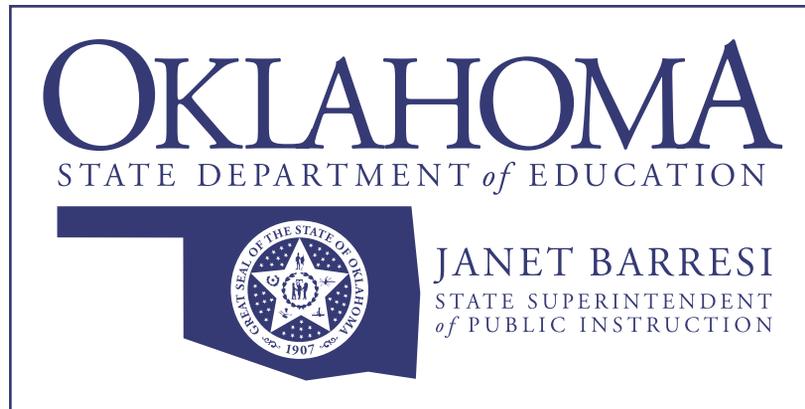


Oklahoma School Testing Program



Oklahoma Core Curriculum Tests

2011–2012 Released Items

End-of-Instruction
ACE U.S. History

Oklahoma State Department of Education
Oklahoma City, Oklahoma

Acknowledgements

Excerpt from Radio Address to the Nation on Unemployment Relief, Herbert Hoover, October 18, 1931, Courtesy: The American Presidency Project, University of California, Santa Barbara

Excerpt from First Inaugural Address, Franklin D. Roosevelt, March 4, 1933, National Archives

Excerpt from *Gideon v. Wainwright*, U.S. Supreme Court 372 U.S. 335 (1963)

Excerpt from the 14th Amendment, U.S. Constitution. National Archives

Excerpt from "Electrifying the Countryside," Morris L. Cooke, *Survey Graphics*, Survey Associates, 1935
<http://newdeal.feri.org/tva/cooke.htm>

Excerpt from President Dwight Eisenhower's News Conference, April 7, 1954, Courtesy: The American Presidency Project, University of California, Santa Barbara

Photo of Ku Klux Klan "America First" parade, Corbis

PEARSON

Section 1

Section 1

Directions

Read each question and choose the best answer.

1 The Cold War was primarily a result of

- A the limitations of the League of Nations.
- B the tension between communism and capitalism.
- C the competition between established nations and new colonies.
- D the refusal of the United States to send economic aid to Japan.

2 Which Oklahoman both criticized and supported New Deal policies in print and on the radio?

- F Will Rogers
- G Ralph Ellison
- H Woody Guthrie
- J Frederic Remington

3 Large companies, such as Montgomery Ward and Sears, Roebuck and Company, prospered in the late nineteenth century primarily because they

- A provided Americans with a variety of imported goods.
- B extended the market for goods and services to rural areas.
- C financed the construction of intercontinental railroad systems.
- D paid American employees high wages and provided good benefits.

4 The period of abundant creativity in African American literature and art following World War I is commonly referred to as the

- F Progressive Reforms.
- G Harlem Renaissance.
- H Great Society.
- J Glory Days.

5 Which allegation prompted the hearings led by Senator Joseph McCarthy in the early 1950s?

- A poor conditions for industrial workers
- B poor enforcement of civil rights legislation
- C fundraising corruption by political party bosses
- D communist infiltration of the federal government

6 Which statement most accurately describes President Andrew Johnson's plan for reconstruction?

- F It was more favorable toward the South than the Republican plan.
- G It was generous toward newly freed African Americans.
- H It declared Confederate sympathizers to be traitors.
- J It was unacceptable to Democrats in Washington.

“Our country and the world are today involved in more than a financial crisis . . . No governmental action, no economic doctrine, no economic plan or project can replace that . . . responsibility of the individual man and woman to their neighbors.”

—Herbert Hoover

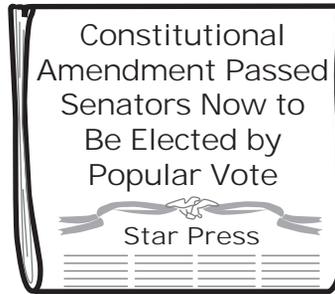
“We face our common difficulties. They concern . . . only material things. Values have shrunken to fantastic levels . . . The savings of many years in thousands of families are gone . . . This Nation asks for action, and action now . . . I am prepared under my constitutional duty to recommend the measures that a stricken nation in the midst of a stricken world may require.”

—Franklin D. Roosevelt

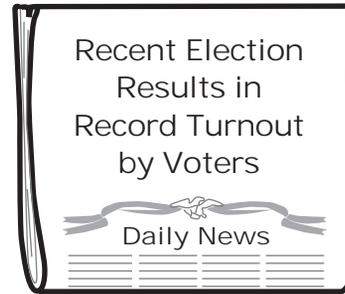
The quotations illustrate the difference in the policies of Hoover and Roosevelt regarding

- A** the expansion of civil rights.
- B** the need for resource conservation.
- C** the effect of foreign trade on the economy.
- D** the role of government in the lives of citizens.

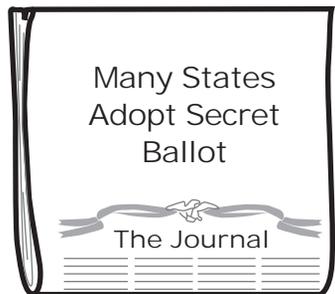
8



I



II



III



IV

Progressives would be alarmed by which headline?

- F** I
- G** II
- H** III
- J** IV

Section 1

9

. . . Those guarantees of the Bill of Rights which are fundamental safeguards of liberty immune from federal (limitation) are equally protected against state invasion by the . . . Fourteenth Amendment.

—United States Supreme Court decision,
Gideon v. Wainwright, 1963

. . . No State shall . . . deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law; nor deny to any person within its jurisdictions the equal protection of the laws.

—14th Amendment, 1868

Which statement is supported by both quotations?

- A Citizens should have fair treatment under the law.
- B Governments sometimes must suspend individual rights.
- C States require reasonable independence from the federal government.
- D Governments should have broader ability to protect personal possessions.

10 The policies of the New Deal influenced African Americans to support

- F the Populist Party.
- G the Democratic Party.
- H the Republican Party.
- J the Communist Party.

11 Which statement describes a result of the Supreme Court ruling in *Brown v. Board of Education of Topeka, Kansas*?

- A Counties prevented illiterate citizens from voting in elections.
- B Businesses provided separate but equal facilities for men and women.
- C Housing for low-income and rural families received approval from Congress.
- D Integration policies allowed African Americans to attend previously all-white public schools.

12

The Daily Herald

United States
Acquires Guam

The Daily Herald

Remember
the *Maine*

The Daily Herald

United States
Acquires the
Philippines

Which war was associated with the headlines?

- F Cold War
- G Civil War
- H World War I
- J Spanish-American War

Section 1

13

Here we have one of the factors responsible for the uneven progress of industry and agriculture. Compared with the factory, the farm has suffered from . . . outmoded techniques. . . . Yet all of us who studied the problem believed that an opening inevitably would come for a serious, well-ordered effort to extend to the farm the benefits electricity has made possible to town dwellers in this country.

—Morris L. Cooke, Rural Electrification Administration, 1935

Based on the quotation, which statement best describes the impact of rural electrification on American society?

- A decreased dependence on technology
- B decreased government intervention in industry
- C increased economic development of rural areas
- D increased movement of people from urban to rural areas

14

“You have a row of dominoes set up, you knock over the first one, and what will happen to the last one is the certainty that it will go over very quickly.”

—President Dwight D. Eisenhower, referring to the spread of communism in Southeast Asia, 1954

Which action was taken to support President Eisenhower’s theory about communism in Vietnam?

- F President Johnson suspended bombing in North Vietnam.
- G United States citizens held demonstrations against the Vietnam War.
- H United States forces increased military operations in South Vietnam.
- J President Nixon called for a gradual withdrawal of troops from Vietnam.

15 Which explanation for the decline in voter turnout during the 1970s is best?

- A The rise of third parties tended to overwhelm voters.
- B Political scandals like Watergate created a distrust of government.
- C The lack of differences between the candidates caused disinterest among voters.
- D Economic depression caused Americans to be more concerned with their personal lives.

16



The Ku Klux Klan marches in Binghamton, New York, in the 1920s.

Based on the photograph, the marchers wanted the government to pass immigration laws that would favor

- F immigrants from all religious groups.
- G immigrants from diverse ethnic groups.
- H people descended from Northern European Protestants.
- J people descended from Southern European Catholics.

Section 1

17 Roosevelt's "Big Stick Diplomacy" resulted in

- A** an increase in presidential power.
- B** a decrease in imperialistic activity.
- C** an increase in United States territory in Europe.
- D** a decrease in United States involvement in Central America.

STOP

END OF SECTION 1

