

MAP Your Way to Student Success

Objectives:

- ▶ 1. What is MAP?
- 2. Share how PCPS uses data from MAP to plan for instruction, track student progress, and provide formative feedback
- 3. Dr. David Pennington-District Perspective

NWEA MAP

- Measures of Academic Progress (MAP)
- Computerized assessment
- Adapts to the students' abilities
- Aligned to PASS & transitioning to CCSS
 - Math
 - Reading

NWEA MAP

Highly accurate results that can be used to:

- Identify the skills and concepts individual students have learned
- Diagnose instructional needs
- Monitor academic growth over time
- Make data-driven decisions at the classroom, school, and district levels
- Place students into appropriate interventions or instructional groups

RIT - Rasch Unit

- Like units on a ruler, RIT scores are divided into equal intervals – independent of grade level
- Monitors student growth over time
- Each RIT band has corresponding skills/concepts
- Students can be grouped by RIT band
- RIT scores correlate to a percentile ranking at each grade level: 50% is considered on grade level

Reports

Reports:

- 2011 Normative RIT Rasch UniT
- Teacher Report with Goal Descriptor
- Student Goal Setting Worksheet
- Teacher/Class Overview
- Achievement Status and Growth Summary
- Student Goal Setting Worksheet
- Student Progress Report

More information on NWEA: handouts

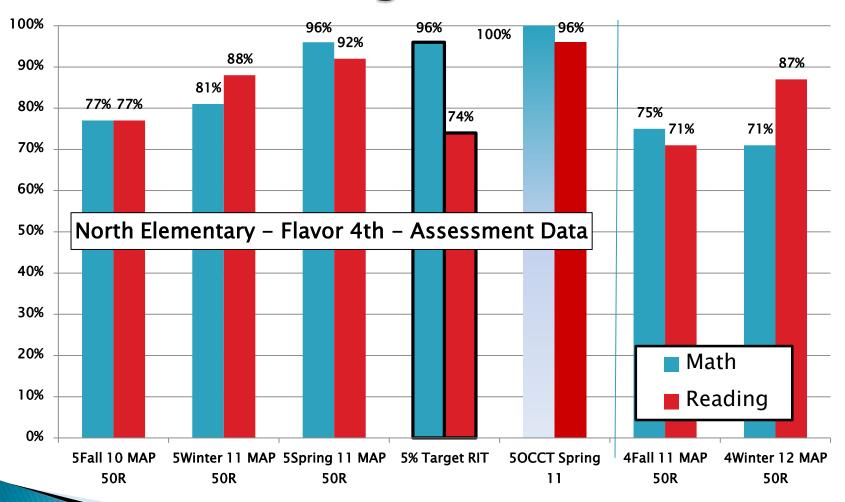
Using MAP Data at the Site Level

Data Retreat Process

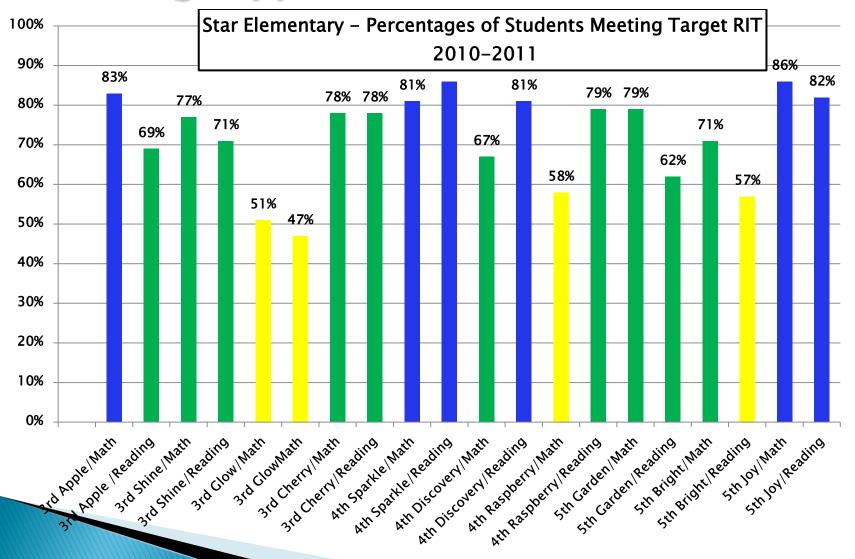


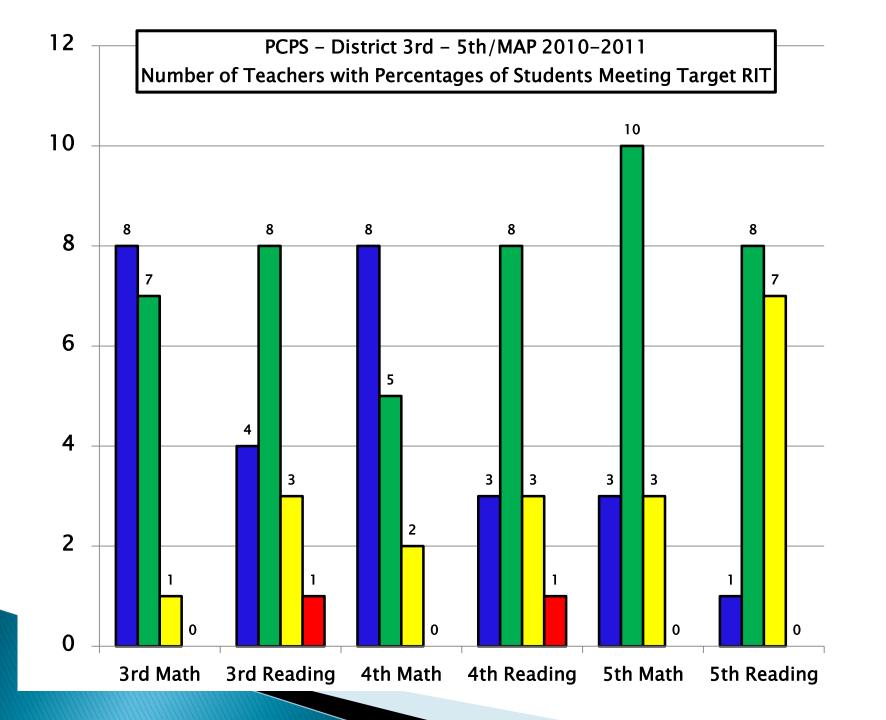
Site Level - Student Continuum

Using MAP Data at the District Level - Tracking Assessment Data



District Level - Percent of Students Meeting Typical Growth





Contact Information:

Jean Gaytan, Director of Curriculum: gaytaj@pcps.us

Shelley Arrott, School Improvement and Data: matlos@pcps.us

Dr. David Pennington: Superintendent, Ponca City Public Schools