## The Data and Relationships Behind Chronic Absenteeism

## Outcomes

- Connect the why to the data collected through the chronic absenteeism indicator.
- Explore and connect tiered intervention strategy resources to improve regular school attendance.
- Introduce resources, including the new early warning system available through Single Sign On.


# Building Connections Between Data and the Practice 



## Hedy Chang Attendance Works

- What resonated with you?
- What surprised you?


## Questions to Ponder

- When you think about your students that are chronically absent, what barriers do you see?
- What are we currently doing to improve attendance rates?
- What do we think is already working?


## MYTHS:

- Absences are only a problem if they are unexcused
- Don't realize missing just 2 days per month can affect learning
- Sporadic absences aren't a problem
- Attendance only matters in the older grades


## BARRIERS:

- Lack of access to health or dental care
- Chronic illness
- Trauma
- No safe path to school
- Poor transportation
- Housing instability
- High mobility
- Involvement with child welfare or juvenile justice system


## AVERSION:

- Struggling academically or socially
- Bullying
- Ineffective/ exclusionary school discipline
- Parents had negative school experience
- Undiagnosed disability


## DISENGAGEMENT:

- Lack of engaging and culturally relevant instruction
- No meaningful relationships with adults in school
- Vulnerable to being with peers out of school vs. in school
- Poor school climate
- Discouraged due to lack of credits


## Identifying Students at Risk Due to Absenteeism



## Regular Attendance Conditions for Learning



- Positive conditions for learning are particularly important for underserved groups.
- Four conditions help create a conducive learning environment and positively affect attendance, motivation, engagement, achievement and student well-being.
- Four conditions also affect each other when one condition is in place, the others are more likely to take root.

Source:

## Absenteeism is a leading indicator and cause of educational inequity.



## Attendance Data on the Public Dashboard



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INDICATORS * ABOUT OUR ST
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Academic Achievement
Academic Growth
ELP Progress
Chronic Absenteeism
Postsecondary Opportunities
Graduation

Levels of Data: State, District and Schools

## Attendance Measures on the Public Dashboard




| Student Group | \% in Good Attendance <br> SY 2018 (State) | \% in Good Attendance <br> SY 2019 (state) |
| ---: | :---: | :---: |
| Econ Disadvantaged | $79.8 \%$ | $\mathbf{7 9 . 1 \%}$ |
| English Learner | $85.6 \%$ | $\mathbf{8 4 . 4 \%}$ |
| Students with a Disability | $79.3 \%$ | $\mathbf{7 7 . 8 \%}$ |
| Female | $83.3 \%$ | $\mathbf{8 3 . 4 \%}$ |
| Male | $84.1 \%$ | $\mathbf{8 3 . 8 \%}$ |
| Homeless | $67.6 \%$ | $\mathbf{6 4 . 5 \%}$ |
| Military | $89.4 \%$ | $\mathbf{8 8 . 8 \%}$ |
| Migrant | $84.6 \%$ | $\mathbf{8 6 . 8 \%}$ |
| Foster | $88.7 \%$ | $\mathbf{8 6 . 1 \%}$ |
| American Indian | $81.98 \%$ | $\mathbf{8 5 . 7 \%}$ |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | $91.3 \%$ | $\mathbf{9 0 . 9 \%}$ |
| Black | $79.1 \%$ | $\mathbf{7 6 . 9 \%}$ |
| Hispanic | $83.2 \%$ | $\mathbf{8 2 . 6 \%}$ |
| White | $85.3 \%$ | $\mathbf{8 1 . 3 \%}$ |
| Two or More Races | $81.7 \%$ | $\mathbf{8 5 . 7 \%}$ |
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## Rates of Good Attendance by Grade (State)



## Navigating to Your Data: Public Dashboard

Use the Search Bar to find your district/site

Click

```
ABOUT OUR DISTRICT -
```

and then use the drop-down menu to select Discipline


Click the on the Overview page to open a window that displays outcomes across all student groups.

Change years to display data for the 2017-2018 SY


2017-2018


## Attendance

State

83.7\%

Window displays outcomes for by student group and grade level

## Score By Race/Ethnicity

American Indian
81.98\%

Asian/Pacific Islander
91.27\%

Black 79.11\%

Hispanic 83.22\%

Two or More Races 81.67\%
-

White
85.25\%

## What can we do?

## Multi-Tiered Systems of Support (MTSS)



## Attendance Works’ MTSS Approach



## Let's Talk: Tier 1

Tier I Strategies rely on schoolwide steps to encourage attendance among ALL students through:

- Effective messaging and engagement;
- Removing barriers to good attendance; and
- Improving school climate.



## Tier 1: Sample Strategies and Evidence



## Let's Talk: Tier 2 (students missing 10-19\%)

Tier 2 Interventions target students at greater risk of chronic absenteeism, those close to or already missing $10 \%$ of the school year.


## Tier 2: Sample Interventions and Evidence

Early Warning Systems Mentors
Youth Engagement
Addressing Asthma
Targeted Transportation
Students with Disabilities
School Refusal
Immigration Enforcement

## ATTENDANCE PLAYBOOK

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FutureEd

## Let's Talk: Tier 3 (students missing 20\% or more)

Tier 3 Approaches work with the most struggling students, often involving not just schools, but also other agencies dealing with health, housing, and social services, and typically requires case management customized to the individual student and family challenges.


## Tier 3: Sample Approaches and Evidence

Interagency Case Management Housing Challenges Truancy Court Redesign



## Attendance Works' MTSS Approach



## Resources

## Early Warning Attendance System

Home / Applications

## Home / Applications

3 Your Account
(1) About This Site

Links And Docs
」 Sign Out

## Applications

These are your current applications
Accountability Reporting
StateReadOnly - State_ReadOnly

## Early Warning System - School Level



## School Data in Action



## Early Warning System



## Early Warning System - Student Level



## Continuous Improvement Cycle



## Strategic partnerships

between district and community partners address specific attendance barriers and mobilize support for all ingredients.

## Additional Self Assessment Tools

## $\checkmark$ Actionable Data

$\checkmark$ Positive Engagement
$\checkmark$ Capacity Building
$\checkmark$ Shared Accountability
$\checkmark$ Strategic Partnerships

## Actionable Data

## ACTIONABLE DATA

1. At least every two weeks (ideally in real time), attendance data reports (with satisfactory, at risk moderate and severe chronic absence) are produced and reviewed by a cross-functional district team that also ensures schools accurately enter daily attendance into the district student information system.
2. At least every two weeks (ideally in real time), the district office distributes attendance data to individual schools and their attendance teams categorized by satisfactory (absent $<5 \%$ ), at-risk (absent 5-9.99\%), moderate (absent 10-19.99\%), and severe chronic absence (absent $20 \%$ or more).
3. The district office ensures that students and parents/caregivers have access to attendance data that is easy to understand and alerts them when a student is academically at risk due to poor attendance.
4. The district office reports aggregate and disaggregated attendance and chronic absence data by school, grade level, and ESSA sub-groups to the School Board at least once a year.
5. The District creates chronic absence reports that are broken down by grades, schools, teacher; and by student sub-groups IEP, 504 plans, Free and Reduced Price Lunch, Ethnicity, ELL, Homelessness, foster care, and neighborhood.

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## Positive Engagement

| POSITME ENGAGEMENT | Strength | OK for Now | Could Be Better | Urgent Gap | Don't Know | How Do You Know? |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. District leaders consistently and clearly promote awareness among district staff, parents, key stakeholders and the general public about chronic absence, why it matters, and how it can be addressed through a comprehensive approach via flyers, handbooks, back-to-school letters, and other communications. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2. The district office ensures that schools offer trainings and workshops throughout the year in families' home languages to help them understand the importance of attendance and to assist them with identifying attendance barriers they face. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3. The district office has explicit attendance protocols for outreach to families when students begin to miss too much school. Implementation of protocols is routinely tracked and monitored. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4. The district office publicly recognizes schools and community partners that demonstrate best practice strategies and achieve measurable reductions in chronic absences, including those that demonstrate how to improve attendance of different vulnerable student populations. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5. The district office ensures that school staff receive professional development and resources to ensure sensitivity to cultural differences and challenges that vulnerable students and their families may experience when seeking to reduce absenteeism. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Capacity Building

|  | Strength | OK for Now | Could Be Better | Urgent Gap | Don't <br> Know | How Do You Know? |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. The district office has a widely disseminated, comprehensive attendance policy and practice manual that clearly lays out why attendance matters, describes what schools can do to build a positive culture of attendance and outlines strategies for reducing chronic absence that align with the needs of their different student populations. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2. A cross-functional district level team is in place to implement a systemic, tiered approach to improving attendance that aligns with existing initiatives. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3. The district office builds site level capacity to take a multi-tiered and systemic approach to reducing chronic absenteeism including equipping schools to have functioning attendance teams by providing guidance, resources, and materials to support implementation tailored to the realities of each school and their students and families. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4. The district office ensures that district-level attendance staff understand the national, state and local laws, policies and regulations related to attendance. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5. The district office provides professional development to ensure school staff are equipped to tailor attendance improvement strategies with special attention to students with disabilities, and other vulnerable populations. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Shared Accountability

| SHABED ACCOUN | Strength | OK for Now | Could Be Better | Urgent Gap | Don't <br> Know | How Do You Know? |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. The Superintendent and School Board set and publicize district-wide goals for attendance including chronic absence and report on progress. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2. The district office ensures that school leaders are held accountable for having a data-driven plan to address chronic absence, for setting measurable targets for improvement, for identifying and removing structural attendance barriers, and for outlining a process for monitoring and recognizing progress. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3. The district office has contracts or MOUs with community organizations that outline how they will share data and provide support to schools and the district in improving school attendance and how they will assess the effectiveness of their efforts. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4. The district office prioritizes distribution of resources to help schools and student sub-groups with high rates of chronic absence (e.g. physical and behavioral health services, transportation, early childhood education, and after-school programs and activities, and economic supports to families.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5. The district office ensures school leaders use their data to identify which students are most likely to miss school and place attendance improvement strategies tailored to address the needs of vulnerable populations. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Strategic Partnerships

STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIPS

1. The Superintendent and School Board ensure that cross-sector partnerships are established by creating opportunities for community partners to review data on chronic absence, learn about the district attendance efforts, and identify opportunities to address attendance barriers.
2. The district office creates materials, resources and opportunities to help public agencies, non-profit organizations and civic groups work together with schools and districts to promote Tier 1 positive messaging and engagement about the importance of daily attendance for academic supports and the availability of supports to help families.
3. The district office facilitates community and agency partners working with districts to implement Tier 2 early intervention that use personalized outreach to motivate attendance, identify barriers to attendance, and connects students and families to needed supports and resources.
4. The district office facilitates community and agency partners working with districts to implement Tier 3 intensive intervention that prioritizes and coordinates provision of case management and service delivery to students who are severely chronically absent Resources are tailored to address the strengths and needs of vulnerable student populations.
5. The district office identifies and recruits partners to help improve attendance. These partners have the skills and capacity to address the needs of students with disabilities and other vulnerable populations.

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## Statewide Resources

- Student with Disabilities and Chronic Absenteeism Guidance
- School Climate Transformation



## Next Steps

I am only one, but still I am one. I cannot do everything, but still I can do something; And because I cannot do everything I will not refuse to do the something that I can do.

~Helen Keller

## Contacts



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## Questions?

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## Rates of Good Attendance by Grade (Wewoka)



| Student Group | \% in Good Attendance SY 2018 (Wewoka) | \% in Good Attendance SY 2019 (Wewoka) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Economically Disadvantaged | 75.5\% | 74.5\% |
| English Learner | NA | NA |
| Students with a Disability | 70\% | 73\% |
| Female | 73.3\% | 79\% |
| Male | 71.8\% | 76.1\% |
| Homeless | NA | 81\% |
| Military | NA | NA |
| Migrant | NA | NA |
| Foster | 100\% | 88.2\% |
| American Indian | 68.5\% | 71.43\% |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | NA | NA |
| Black | 80.5\% | 75\% |
| Hispanic | 68.6\% | 78.6\% |
| Two or More Races | 75.7\% | 80.6\% |
| White | 71.2\% | 80.1\% |

