Oklahoma Academic Standards for English Language Arts

6th Grade At-a-Glance

This document is intended to provide an overview of individual grade-level objectives by highlighting and elaborating on key point additions, transitions, and shifts from grade to grade in the English Language Arts standards. **This document does not represent the entire scope of this grade and is not meant to replace the original standards document.** We recommend literacy teams invest time analyzing the grade-to-grade progressions and companion guidance documents in the Vertical Alignment Edition (download at **sde.ok.gov/sde/oklahoma-academic-standards**).

Major Concepts Connecting Concepts	
Major Concepts	Connecting Concepts
Major Concepts are standards anticipated to take emphasis who developing curriculum, planning for instructional time, the number and texts, and teacher-developed assessments.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2: Reading Foundations/Reading and Writing Process • Fluency skills continue to be mastered (6.2.F.1-2 // see PASS 3: Critical Reading and Writing	6: Research
 Grade Level Focus - Opinion Writing Mode (6.3.W.3-4) 	 Use academic citation styles - e.g., MLA, APA, Chicago (6.6.W.3)
4: Vocabulary	7: Multimodal Literacies
 Continue to apply skills to increasingly complex texts 	 Comparisons between two or more works (6.7.R.1-2)
5: Language	8: Independent Reading and Writing
 Intensive and Reflexive Pronouns (6.5.W.3) 	Vary modes of expression (6.8.W)
• Use language to signal relationships among ideas (6.5.R.1 &	6.5.W.2) • Explain how concepts relate to one another (6.8.W)

New Grade Level Concepts	Changed Emphasis	Critical Shirts
New Grade Level Concepts are additions/shifts in the <i>Oklahoma Academic Standards</i> not present in the <i>Priority Academic Student Skills</i> .	Changed Emphasis spotlights aspects that may impact curriculum development.	Critical Shifts are notable progressions from the previous grade in the <i>Oklahoma Academic Standards</i> .
3: Critical Reading and Writing Standards now explicitly address the opinion writing mode in the sixth grade (6.3.W.3-4). 5: Language Intensive and Reflexive Pronouns previously in grade 4, 5, and 8 (see PASS 4.WGUM.3.1.c // 5.WGUM.3.1.c // 8.WGUM.3.1.e).	3: Critical Reading and Writing Sixth grade marks the transition into a new Grade Level Focus for writing modes. After two grades focusing on the Informative mode of writing, students now focus on developing opinions in writing. This is intended to bridge the move into Argumentative writing when students enter the seventh grade (6.3.W.3-4).	1: Speaking and Listening Additions in the sixth grade include interpreting a speaker's message and asking questions to clarify the purpose of the message and perspective of the speaker. This also supports the practice of determining the purpose of content students choose when writing and presenting information (6.1.R.2).

New Grade Level Concepts (continued)	
6: Research Standards now explicitly address well-known academic citation styles (6.6.W.3 // see PASS 6.RL.5.2.b).	

New Grade Level Concepts (continued)

Changed Emphasis (continued)

7: Multimodal Literacies

Students transition from analyzing a single work to making explicit comparisons between two or more works. This comparison is not limited to two works of the same medium or genre (i.e., compare the effectiveness of an editorial to a documentary covering similar topics) (6.7.R.1-2).

Critical Shifts (continued)

5: Language

The shift to sixth grade includes an emphasis on proper pronoun use and using a variety of sentence structures to convey the differences between ideas. From an instructional standpoint, this provides a balance between the ideas and development aspects of writing and technical grammar usage (6.5.W.3 // 6.5.R.1 & 6.5.W.2).

6: Research

Leading up to sixth grade, students utilized a modified citation style in order to become familiar with plagiarism and how to avoid it. Students are now expected to practice a recognized academic citation style (e.g., MLA, APA, Chicago, etc.) to be determined by the teacher (6.6.W.3 // see PASS 6.RL.5.2.b).

Sixth grade explicitly incorporates **primary and secondary sources** to the research process. This can include instruction geared to students categorizing a variety of sources as primary or secondary (6.3.W. // see PASS 6.RL.5.1.b).