Sections 9302 and 9303 of the *Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA)*, as amended in 2001 provide to States the option of applying for and reporting on multiple ESEA programs through a single consolidated application and report. Although a central, practical purpose of the Consolidated State Application and Report is to reduce "red tape" and burden on States, the Consolidated State Application and Report are also intended to have the important purpose of encouraging the integration of State, local, and ESEA programs in comprehensive planning and service delivery and enhancing the likelihood that the State will coordinate planning and service delivery across multiple State and local programs. The combined goal of all educational agencies—State, local, and Federal—is a more coherent, well-integrated educational plan that will result in improved teaching and learning. The Consolidated State Application and Report includes the following ESEA programs:

- Title I, Part A – *Improving Basic Programs Operated by Local Educational Agencies*
- Title I, Part B, Subpart 3 – *William F. Goodling Even Start Family Literacy Programs*
- Title I, Part C – *Education of Migratory Children* (Includes the Migrant Child Count)
- Title I, Part D – *Prevention and Intervention Programs for Children and Youth Who Are Neglected, Delinquent, or At-Risk*
- Title II, Part A – *Improving Teacher Quality State Grants (Teacher and Principal Training and Recruiting Fund)*
- Title III, Part A – *English Language Acquisition, Language Enhancement, and Academic Achievement Act*
- Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1 – *Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities State Grants*
- Title IV, Part A, Subpart 2 – *Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities National Activities (Community Service Grant Program)*
- Title V, Part A – *Innovative Programs*
- Title VI, Section 6111 – *Grants for State Assessments and Related Activities*
- Title VI, Part B – *Rural Education Achievement Program*
- Title X, Part C – *Education for Homeless Children and Youths*
The ESEA Consolidated State Performance Report (CSPR) for school year (SY) 2012-13 consists of two Parts, Part I and Part II.

PART I

Part I of the CSPR requests information related to the five ESEA Goals, established in the June 2002 Consolidated State Application, and information required for the Annual State Report to the Secretary, as described in Section 1111(h)(4) of the ESEA. The five ESEA Goals established in the June 2002 Consolidated State Application are:

- **Performance Goal 1:** By SY 2013-14, all students will reach high standards, at a minimum attaining proficiency or better in reading/language arts and mathematics.
- **Performance Goal 2:** All limited English proficient students will become proficient in English and reach high academic standards, at a minimum attaining proficiency or better in reading/language arts and mathematics.
- **Performance Goal 3:** By SY 2005-06, all students will be taught by highly qualified teachers.
- **Performance Goal 4:** All students will be educated in learning environments that are safe, drug free, and conducive to learning.
- **Performance Goal 5:** All students will graduate from high school.

Beginning with the CSPR SY 2005-06 collection, the Education of Homeless Children and Youths was added. The Migrant Child count was added for the SY 2006-07 collection.

PART II

Part II of the CSPR consists of information related to State activities and outcomes of specific ESEA programs. While the information requested varies from program to program, the specific information requested for this report meets the following criteria:

1. The information is needed for Department program performance plans or for other program needs.
2. The information is not available from another source, including program evaluations pending full implementation of required EDFacts submission.
3. The information will provide valid evidence of program outcomes or results.
GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS AND TIMELINES

All States that received funding on the basis of the Consolidated State Application for the SY 2012-13 must respond to this Consolidated State Performance Report (CSPR). Part I of the Report is due to the Department by Friday, December 20, 2013. Part II of the Report is due to the Department by Friday, February 14, 2014. Both Part I and Part II should reflect data from the SY 2012-13, unless otherwise noted.

The format states will use to submit the Consolidated State Performance Report has changed to an online submission starting with SY 2004-05. This online submission system is being developed through the Education Data Exchange Network (EDEN) and will make the submission process less burdensome. Please see the following section on transmittal instructions for more information on how to submit this year's Consolidated State Performance Report.

TRANSMITTAL INSTRUCTIONS

The Consolidated State Performance Report (CSPR) data will be collected online from the SEAs, using the EDEN web site. The EDEN web site will be modified to include a separate area (sub-domain) for CSPR data entry. This area will utilize EDEN formatting to the extent possible and the data will be entered in the order of the current CSPR forms. The data entry screens will include or provide access to all instructions and notes on the current CSPR forms; additionally, an effort will be made to design the screens to balance efficient data collection and reduction of visual clutter.

Initially, a state user will log onto EDEN and be provided with an option that takes him or her to the "SY 2012-13 CSPR". The main CSPR screen will allow the user to select the section of the CSPR that he or she needs to either view or enter data. After selecting a section of the CSPR, the user will be presented with a screen or set of screens where the user can input the data for that section of the CSPR. A user can only select one section of the CSPR at a time. After a state has included all available data in the designated sections of a particular CSPR Part, a lead state user will certify that Part and transmit it to the Department. Once a Part has been transmitted, ED will have access to the data. States may still make changes or additions to the transmitted data, by creating an updated version of the CSPR. Detailed instructions for transmitting the SY 2012-13 CSPR will be found on the main CSPR page of the EDEN web site (https://EDEN.ED.GOV/EDENPortal/).
Consolidated State Performance Report  
For  
State Formula Grant Programs  
under the  
Elementary And Secondary Education Act  
as amended in 2001  

Check the one that indicates the report you are submitting:  
___ Part I, 2012-13  
___ X Part II, 2012-13  

Name of State Educational Agency (SEA) Submitting This Report:  
Oklahoma State Department of Education  
Address:  
2500 North Lincoln Blvd  
Oklahoma City, OK 73105  

Person to contact about this report:  
Name: Kerri White  
Telephone: 405-522-8618  
Fax: 405-522-0496  
e-mail: kerri.white@sde.ok.gov  
Name of Authorizing State Official: (Print or Type):  
Kerri K. White  

__________________________________________________  
Signature  
Monday, May 5, 2014, 3:00:50 PM  
Date
CONSOLIDATED STATE PERFORMANCE REPORT
PART II

For reporting on
School Year 2012-13

PART II DUE FEBRUARY 17, 2012
5PM EST
2.1 IMPROVING BASIC PROGRAMS OPERATED BY LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCIES (TITLE I, PART A)

This section collects data on Title I, Part A programs.

2.1.1 Student Achievement in Schools with Title I, Part A Programs

The following sections collect data on student academic achievement on the State's assessments in schools that receive Title I, Part A funds and operate either Schoolwide programs or Targeted Assistance programs.

2.1.1.1 Student Achievement in Mathematics in Schoolwide Schools (SWP)

In the format of the table below, provide the number of students in SWP schools who completed the assessment and for whom a proficiency level was assigned, in grades 3 through 8 and high school, on the State's mathematics assessments under Section 1111(b)(3) of ESEA. Also, provide the number of those students who scored at or above proficient. The percentage of students who scored at or above proficient is calculated automatically.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th># Students Who Completed the Assessment and for Whom a Proficiency Level Was Assigned</th>
<th># Students Scoring at or above Proficient</th>
<th>Percentage at or above Proficient</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>36,554</td>
<td>23,701</td>
<td>64.84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>35,771</td>
<td>24,319</td>
<td>67.99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>34,557</td>
<td>22,085</td>
<td>63.91</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>30,949</td>
<td>20,544</td>
<td>66.38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>29,765</td>
<td>18,443</td>
<td>61.96</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>30,462</td>
<td>19,548</td>
<td>64.17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High School</td>
<td>10,862</td>
<td>7,656</td>
<td>70.48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>208,920</td>
<td>136,296</td>
<td>65.24</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:

2.1.1.2 Student Achievement in Reading/Language Arts in Schoolwide Schools (SWP)

This section is similar to 2.1.1.1. The only difference is that this section collects data on performance on the State's reading/language arts assessment in SWP.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th># Students Who Completed the Assessment and for Whom a Proficiency Level Was Assigned</th>
<th># Students Scoring at or above Proficient</th>
<th>Percentage at or above Proficient</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>36,491</td>
<td>23,831</td>
<td>65.31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>35,680</td>
<td>22,356</td>
<td>62.66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>34,511</td>
<td>21,216</td>
<td>61.48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>30,847</td>
<td>18,538</td>
<td>60.10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>29,376</td>
<td>19,053</td>
<td>64.86</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>27,041</td>
<td>19,005</td>
<td>70.28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High School</td>
<td>12,306</td>
<td>9,603</td>
<td>78.04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>206,252</td>
<td>133,602</td>
<td>64.78</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:
### 2.1.1.3 Student Achievement in Mathematics in Targeted Assistance Schools (TAS)

In the table below, provide the number of all students in TAS who completed the assessment and for whom a proficiency level was assigned, in grades 3 through 8 and high school, on the State's mathematics assessments under Section 1111(b)(3) of ESEA. Also, provide the number of those students who scored at or above proficient. The percentage of students who scored at or above proficient is calculated automatically.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th># Students Who Completed the Assessment and for Whom a Proficiency Level Was Assigned</th>
<th># Students Scoring at or above Proficient</th>
<th>Percentage at or above Proficient</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>5,221</td>
<td>3,872</td>
<td>74.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>5,267</td>
<td>4,067</td>
<td>77.22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>6,099</td>
<td>4,567</td>
<td>74.88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>5,021</td>
<td>3,916</td>
<td>77.99</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>4,298</td>
<td>3,087</td>
<td>71.82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>4,554</td>
<td>3,331</td>
<td>73.14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High School</td>
<td>1,582</td>
<td>1,177</td>
<td>74.40</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>32,042</td>
<td>24,017</td>
<td>74.95</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:

### 2.1.1.4 Student Achievement in Reading/Language Arts in Targeted Assistance Schools (TAS)

This section is similar to 2.1.1.3. The only difference is that this section collects data on performance on the State's reading/language arts assessment by all students in TAS.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th># Students Who Completed the Assessment and for Whom a Proficiency Level Was Assigned</th>
<th># Students Scoring at or above Proficient</th>
<th>Percentage at or above Proficient</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>5,215</td>
<td>3,982</td>
<td>76.36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>5,262</td>
<td>3,853</td>
<td>73.22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>6,082</td>
<td>4,431</td>
<td>72.85</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>5,023</td>
<td>3,568</td>
<td>71.03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>4,199</td>
<td>3,061</td>
<td>72.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>3,866</td>
<td>3,110</td>
<td>80.44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High School</td>
<td>944</td>
<td>805</td>
<td>85.28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>30,591</td>
<td>22,810</td>
<td>74.56</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:
2.1.2 Title I, Part A Student Participation

The following sections collect data on students participating in Title I, Part A by various student characteristics.

2.1.2.1 Student Participation in Public Title I, Part A by Special Services or Programs

In the table below, provide the number of public school students served by either Public Title I SWP or TAS programs at any time during the regular school year for each category listed. Count each student only once in each category even if the student participated during more than one term or in more than one school or district in the State. Count each student in as many of the categories that are applicable to the student. Include pre-kindergarten through grade 12. Do not include the following individuals: (1) adult participants of adult literacy programs funded by Title I, (2) private school students participating in Title I programs operated by local educational agencies, or (3) students served in Part A local neglected programs.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Special Services or Programs</th>
<th># Students Served</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Children with disabilities (IDEA)</td>
<td>68,539</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limited English proficient students</td>
<td>40,439</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Students who are homeless</td>
<td>21,020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Migratory students</td>
<td>368</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:

2.1.2.2 Student Participation in Public Title I, Part A by Racial/Ethnic Group

In the table below, provide the unduplicated number of public school students served by either public Title I SWP or TAS at any time during the regular school year. Each student should be reported in only one racial/ethnic category. Include pre-kindergarten through grade 12. The total number of students served will be calculated automatically.

Do not include: (1) adult participants of adult literacy programs funded by Title I, (2) private school students participating in Title I programs operated by local educational agencies, or (3) students served in Part A local neglected programs.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Race/Ethnicity</th>
<th># Students Served</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>American Indian or Alaska Native</td>
<td>77,919</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian</td>
<td>5,079</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black or African American</td>
<td>45,105</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic or Latino</td>
<td>72,179</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander</td>
<td>3,667</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>191,937</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two or more races</td>
<td>24,406</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>420,292</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:
### 2.1.2.3 Student Participation in Title I, Part A by Grade Level

In the table below, provide the unduplicated number of students participating in Title I, Part A programs by grade level and by type of program: Title I public targeted assistance programs (Public TAS), Title I schoolwide programs (Public SWP), private school students participating in Title I programs (private), and Part A local neglected programs (local neglected). The totals column by type of program will be automatically calculated.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age/Grade</th>
<th>Public TAS</th>
<th>Public SWP</th>
<th>Private</th>
<th>Local Neglected</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age 0-2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>467</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>467</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age 3-5 (not Kindergarten)</td>
<td>472</td>
<td>29,024</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>29,544</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K</td>
<td>1,227</td>
<td>42,774</td>
<td>61</td>
<td>104</td>
<td>44,166</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1,604</td>
<td>41,850</td>
<td>62</td>
<td>151</td>
<td>43,667</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>1,551</td>
<td>38,583</td>
<td>67</td>
<td>190</td>
<td>40,391</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>1,725</td>
<td>37,743</td>
<td>76</td>
<td>162</td>
<td>39,706</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>1,389</td>
<td>36,022</td>
<td>66</td>
<td>157</td>
<td>37,634</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>1,089</td>
<td>35,090</td>
<td>76</td>
<td>222</td>
<td>36,477</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>1,092</td>
<td>31,509</td>
<td>62</td>
<td>205</td>
<td>32,868</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>1,211</td>
<td>29,510</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>256</td>
<td>31,037</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>1,036</td>
<td>27,146</td>
<td>64</td>
<td>302</td>
<td>28,548</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>719</td>
<td>17,134</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>292</td>
<td>18,162</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>140</td>
<td>14,824</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>191</td>
<td>15,172</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>83</td>
<td>12,759</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>153</td>
<td>13,011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>12,290</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>12,464</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ungraded</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>130</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>139</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTALS</td>
<td>13,436</td>
<td>406,855</td>
<td>656</td>
<td>2,506</td>
<td>423,453</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:
2.1.2.4 Student Participation in Title I, Part A Targeted Assistance Programs by Instructional and Support Services

The following sections collect data about the participation of students in TAS.

2.1.2.4.1 Student Participation in Title I, Part A Targeted Assistance Programs by Instructional Services

In the table below, provide the number of students receiving each of the listed instructional services through a TAS program funded by Title I, Part A. Students may be reported as receiving more than one instructional service. However, students should be reported only once for each instructional service regardless of the frequency with which they received the service.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TAS instructional service</th>
<th># Students Served</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mathematics</td>
<td>6,016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reading/language arts</td>
<td>9,750</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Science</td>
<td>1,017</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social studies</td>
<td>991</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vocational/career</td>
<td>78</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other instructional services</td>
<td>93</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.1.2.4.2 Student Participation in Title I, Part A Targeted Assistance Programs by Support Services

In the table below, provide the number of students receiving each of the listed support services through a TAS program funded by Title I, Part A. Students may be reported as receiving more than one support service. However, students should be reported only once for each support service regardless of the frequency with which they received the service.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TAS Support Service</th>
<th># Students Served</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Health, dental, and eye care</td>
<td>335</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supporting guidance/advocacy</td>
<td>988</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other support services</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:
2.1.3 Staff Information for Title I, Part A Targeted Assistance Programs (TAS)

In the table below, provide the number of full-time equivalent (FTE) staff funded by a Title I, Part A TAS in each of the staff categories. For staff who work with both TAS and SWP, report only the FTE attributable to their TAS responsibilities.

For paraprofessionals only, provide the percentage of paraprofessionals who were qualified in accordance with Section 1119 (c) and (d) of ESEA.

See the FAQs following the table for additional information.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Staff Category</th>
<th>Staff FTE</th>
<th>Percentage Qualified</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Teachers</td>
<td>239</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paraprofessionals(^1)</td>
<td>68</td>
<td>98.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other paraprofessionals (translators, parental involvement, computer assistance)(^2)</td>
<td>18</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clerical support staff</td>
<td>20</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Administrators (non-clerical)</td>
<td>20</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:

FAQs on staff information

a. What is a "paraprofessional?" An employee of an LEA who provides instructional support in a program supported with Title I, Part A funds. Instructional support includes the following activities:
   (a) Providing one-on-one tutoring for eligible students, if the tutoring is scheduled at a time when a student would not otherwise receive instruction from a teacher;
   (b) Providing assistance with classroom management, such as organizing instructional and other materials;
   (c) Providing assistance in a computer laboratory;
   (d) Conducting parental involvement activities;
   (e) Providing support in a library or media center;
   (f) Acting as a translator; or
   (g) Providing instructional services to students.

b. What is an "other paraprofessional?" Paraprofessionals who do not provide instructional support, for example, paraprofessionals who are translators or who work with parental involvement or computer assistance.

c. Who is a qualified paraprofessional? A paraprofessional who has (1) completed 2 years of study at an institution of higher education; (2) obtained an associate's (or higher) degree; or (3) met a rigorous standard of quality and been able to demonstrate, through a formal State or local academic assessment, knowledge of and the ability to assist in instructing reading, writing, and mathematics (or, as appropriate, reading readiness, writing readiness, and mathematics readiness) (Sections 1119(c) and (d).) For more information on qualified paraprofessionals, please refer to the Title I paraprofessionals Guidance, available at: [http://www.ed.gov/policy/elsec/guid/paraguidance.doc](http://www.ed.gov/policy/elsec/guid/paraguidance.doc)

\(^1\) Consistent with ESEA, Title I, Section 1119(g)(2).

\(^2\) Consistent with ESEA, Title I, Section 1119(e).
2.1.3.1 Paraprofessional Information for Title I, Part A Schoolwide Programs

In the table below, provide the number of FTE paraprofessionals who served in SWP and the percentage of these paraprofessionals who were qualified in accordance with Section 1119 (c) and (d) of ESEA. Use the additional guidance found below the previous table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Paraprofessional Information</th>
<th>Paraprofessionals FTE</th>
<th>Percentage Qualified</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Paraprofessionals</td>
<td>1,845.00</td>
<td>99.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:

3 Consistent with ESEA, Title I, Section 1119(g)(2).
2.1.4 Parental Involvement Reservation Under Title I, Part A

In the table below provide information on the amount of Title I, Part A funds reserved by LEAs for parental involvement activities under Section 1118 (a)(3) of the ESEA. The percentage of LEAs FY 2012 Title I Part A allocations reserved for parental involvement will be automatically calculated from the data entered in Rows 2 and 3.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parental Involvement Reservation</th>
<th>LEAs that Received a Federal Fiscal Year (FY) 2012 (School Year 2012–2013) Title I, Part A Allocation of $500,000 or less</th>
<th>LEAs that Received a Federal fiscal year (FY) 2012 (School Year 2012–2013) Title I, Part A Allocation of more than $500,000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number of LEAs</td>
<td>494</td>
<td>47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sum of the amount reserved by LEAs for parental Involvement</td>
<td>115,557</td>
<td>1,070,417</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sum of LEAs' FY 2012 Title I, Part A allocations</td>
<td>61,837,224</td>
<td>89,568,725</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Percentage of LEA's FY 2012 Title I, Part A allocations reserved for parental involvement</td>
<td>0.20</td>
<td>1.20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*The sum of Column 2 and Column 3 should equal the number of LEAs that received an FY 2012 Title I, Part A allocation.

In the comment box below, provide examples of how LEAs in your State used their Title I Part A, set-aside for parental involvement during SY 2012–2013.

This response is limited to 8,000 characters.
2.3 EDUCATION OF MIGRANT CHILDREN (TITLE I, PART C)

This section collects data on the Migrant Education Program (Title I, Part C) for the performance period of September 1, 2012 through August 31, 2013. This section is composed of the following subsections:

- Population data of eligible migrant children
- Academic data of eligible migrant students
- Participation data of migrant children served during either the regular school year, summer/intersession term, or program year
- School data
- Project data
- Personnel data

Where the table collects data by age/grade, report children in the highest age/grade that they attained during the performance period. For example, a child who turns 3 during the performance period would only be performance in the "Age 3 through 5 (not Kindergarten)" row.

2.3.1 Migrant Child Counts

This section collects the Title I, Part C, Migrant Education Program (MEP) child counts which States are required to provide and may be used to determine the annual State allocations under Title I, Part C. The child counts should reflect the performance period of September 1, 2012 through August 31, 2013. This section also collects a report on the procedures used by States to produce true, reliable, and valid child counts.

To provide the child counts, each SEA should have sufficient procedures in place to ensure that it is counting only those children who are eligible for the MEP. Such procedures are important to protecting the integrity of the State’s MEP because they permit the early discovery and correction of eligibility problems and thus help to ensure that only eligible migrant children are counted for funding purposes and are served. If an SEA has reservations about the accuracy of its child counts, it must inform the Department of its concerns and explain how and when it will resolve them in the box below, which precedes Section 2.3.1.1 Category 1 Child Count.

**Note:** In submitting this information, the Authorizing State Official must certify that, to the best of his/her knowledge, the child counts and information contained in the report are true, reliable, and valid and that any false Statement provided is subject to fine or imprisonment pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1001.

FAQs on Child Count:

1. *How is "out-of-school" defined?* Out-of-school means children up through age 21 who are entitled to a free public education in the State but are not currently enrolled in a K-12 institution. This could include students who have dropped out of school in the previous performance period (September 1, 2011 v August 31, 2012), youth who are working on a GED outside of a K-12 institution, and youth who are "here-to-work" only. It does not include preschoolers, who are counted by age grouping. Children who were enrolled in school for at least one day, but dropped out of school during the performance period should be counted in the highest age/grade level attained during the performance period.

2. *How is "ungraded" defined?* Ungraded means the children are served in an educational unit that has no separate grades. For example, some schools have primary grade groupings that are not traditionally graded, or ungraded groupings for children with learning disabilities. In some cases, ungraded students may also include special education children, transitional bilingual students, students working on a GED through a K-12 institution, or those in a correctional setting. (Students working on a GED outside of a K-12 institution are counted as out-of-school youth.)

In the space below, discuss any concerns about the accuracy of the reported child counts or the underlying eligibility determinations on which the counts are based and how and when these concerns will be resolved.

**The response is limited to 8,000 characters.**

**Comments:** The Oklahoma State Department of Education Migrant Education Program has confidence in the accuracy of the reported child counts and eligibility based on the MIS2000 system, training of recruiters in identification and recruiting procedures, and the re-interview process. All the data reported is accurate.

2.3.1.1 Category 1 Child Count (Eligible Migrant Children)

In the table below, enter the unduplicated statewide number by age/grade of **eligible** migrant children age 3 through 21 who, within 3 years of making a qualifying move, resided in your State for one or more days during the performance period of September 1, 2012 through August 31, 2013. This figure includes all eligible migrant children who may or may not have...
participated in MEP services. Count a child who moved from one age/grade level to another during the performance period only once in the highest age/grade that he/she attained during the performance period. The unduplicated statewide total count is calculated automatically.

Do not include:

- Children age birth through 2 years
- Children served by the MEP (under the continuation of services authority) after their period of eligibility has expired when other services are not available to meet their needs
- Previously eligible secondary-school children who are receiving credit accrual services (under the continuation of services authority).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age/Grade</th>
<th>Eligible Migrant Children</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age 3 through 5 (not Kindergarten)</td>
<td>52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>49</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>47</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ungraded</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Out-of-school</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>717</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments: The Office of Migrant Education, Oklahoma State Department of Education, has worked closely with the Office of Accountability and Assessment, Data Services, and the WAE to implement its migrant student data quality plan. A significant part of this plan is to define "migrant student" for all local school districts in the test administration manual. All migrant students must have a national COE on file or they are not recognized as migrant. All offices working together have made great strides strengthening the data quality process for migrant education students. A total of one student has not been verified as migrant. The OSDE ensures that it will continue to work on the verification of this student and provide updates to OME.

### 2.3.1.1 Category 1 Child Count Increases/Decreases

In the space below, explain any increases or decreases from last year in the number of students reported for Category 1 greater than 10 percent.

The response is limited to 8,000 characters.

Comments: The Category 1 Child Count of Oklahoma increased for the 2012-2013 school year. The increase was the result of a new migrant program in the state. These reported numbers are accurate for the requested period.

### 2.3.1.2 Birth through Two Child Count

In the table below, enter the unduplicated statewide number of eligible migrant children from age birth through age 2 who, within 3 years of making a qualifying move, resided in your State for one or more days during the performance period of September 1, 2012 through August 31, 2013.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age/Grade</th>
<th>Eligible Migrant Children</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age birth through 2</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:
2.3.1.2 Category 2 Child Count (Eligible Migrant Children Served by the MEP During the Summer/Intersession Term)

In the table below, enter by age/grade the unduplicated statewide number of eligible migrant children age 3 through 21 who, within 3 years of making a qualifying move, were served for one or more days in a MEP-funded project conducted during either the summer term or during intersession periods that occurred within the performance period of September 1, 2012 through August 31, 2013. Count a child who moved from one age/grade level to another during the performance period only once in the highest age/grade that he/she attained during the performance period. Count a child who moved to different schools within the State and who was served in both traditional summer and year-round school intersession programs only once. The unduplicated statewide total count is calculated automatically.

Do not include:

- Children age birth through 2 years
- Children served by the MEP (under the continuation of services authority) after their period of eligibility has expired when other services are not available to meet their needs.
- Previously eligible secondary-school children who are receiving credit accrual services (under the continuation of services authority).
- Children who received only referred services (non-MEP funded).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age/Grade</th>
<th>Eligible Migrant Children Served by the MEP During the Summer/Intersession Term</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age 3 through 5 (not Kindergarten)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ungraded</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Out-of-school</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>102</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:

2.3.1.2.1 Category 2 Child Count Increases/Decreases

In the space below, explain any increases or decreases from last year in the number of students reported for Category 2 greater than 10 percent.

The response is limited to 8,000 characters.

Comments:

2.3.1.2.2 Birth through Two Eligible Migrant Children Served by the MEP During the Summer/Intersession Term

In the table below, enter the unduplicated statewide number of eligible migrant children from age birth through 2 who, within 3 years of making a qualifying move, were served for one or more days in a MEP-funded project conducted during either the summer term or during intersession periods that occurred within the performance period of September 1, 2012 through August 31, 2013. Count a child who moved to different schools within the State and who was served in both traditional summer and year-round school intersession programs only once.

Do not include:
- Children who received only referred services (non-MEP funded).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age/Grade</th>
<th>Eligible Migrant Children Served by the MEP During the Summer/Intersession Term</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age birth through 2</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:
2.3.1.3 Child Count Calculation and Validation Procedures

The following questions request information on the State's MEP child count calculation and validation procedures.

2.3.1.3.1 Student Information System

In the space below, respond to the following questions: What system did the State use to compile and generate the Category 1 child count for this performance period? Please check the box that applies.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Student Information System</th>
<th>(Yes/No)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NGS</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MIS 2000</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COEStar</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAPS</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Student Information System. Please identify the system:</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Was the Category 2 child count for this performance period generated using the same system?  Yes

If the State's Category 2 count was generated using a different system than the Category 1 count please identify the specific system that generates the Category 2 count.

The response is limited to 8,000 characters.

2.3.1.3.2 Data Collection and Management Procedures

In the space below, please respond to the following question:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Data Collection and Management Procedures</th>
<th>(Yes/No)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Does the State collect all the required data elements and data sections on the National Certificate of Eligibility (COE)?</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2.3.1.3.3 Methods Used To Count Children

In the space below, please describe the procedures and processes at the State level used to ensure all eligible children are accounted for in the performance period. In particular, describe how the State includes and counts only:

- Children who were age 3 through 21
- Children who met the program eligibility criteria (e.g., were within 3 years of a qualifying move, had a qualifying activity)
- Children who were resident in your State for at least 1 day during the performance period (September 1 through August 31)
- Children who – in the case of Category 2 – were served for one or more days in a MEP-funded project conducted during either the summer term or during intersession periods
- Children counted once per age/grade level for each child count category
- Children two years of age that turned three years old during the performance period.

The response is limited to 8,000 characters.

Oklahoma has maintained a database system through MIS2000. All migrant sites submit hard copies of National COEs and COE validation forms via United States Postal Service to the Oklahoma State Department of Education where data is verified to be accurate. Based on conversations during home visits, the National COEs are updated with eligibility information. The MIS2000 system can generate a query that filters out any child who did not meet the following criteria during the child count period: between the ages of 3-21 and has not graduated from high school, was within 36 months of Qualifying Arrival Date (QAD), and has had a 3rd birthday before the end date. A report is generated that gives a 12-month unduplicated count of list of students between the ages of 3-21, who are within 3 years of the QAD and who had a Residency QAD, Withdrawal Date, Enroll Date or Term Date during the date range of 9-01-12 to 8-31-13.

To avoid duplication of student records, a search of MIS2000 is performed for each student identified. A search is performed by the last name spelling as reported, and if no match is found, then any other possible last name spelling is used. For example, Rodriguez might be Rodríguez or Rodrigues etc. A search is also conducted with birthdate, legal father, and/or legal mother. If no match is found, then a search is made by birthdate and/or first name. If no matches are found, a new student ID number is created for the child. A query of the database is performed to identify any possibilities of duplicated numbers. The query pulls out students with similar names and birthdates to check possible duplication. If there are duplications, they are corrected by merging the data into one student record. Another query is run to identify and verify that any children identified as having residency before the funding begin date are still in the state after the begin date. Any child who was not in residency is eliminated from the child count. Summer school enrollment is conducted in the same way.

How does the State ensure that the system that transmits migrant data to the Department accurately accounts for all the migrant children in every EDFact's data file?

Validate the Student Level Data Entering the State System Real-Time: Beginning in the fall of 2013-2014, the data submitted real-time to the state system known as "the Wave" which uses the Schools Interoperability Framework (SIF) infrastructure will begin to validate the Migrant indicator flag on each student's record. The validation system and web portal that displays the errors in the data has been in place for over four years. Currently the Migrant indicator flag only has "exists" validation. All students must be reported with either a "Yes" or "No" for the Migrant indicator flag. Beginning in the fall of 2013-2014, an additional validation check will be added based on the district the student is associated with. If the school district reporting the student is NOT on the list of districts serving Migrant students, then all students in that district must be flagged as "No" for Migrant. Any student flagged as "Yes" will be reported on the "Data Validation Wizard" (the Wave portal displaying errors) as an issue that must be corrected. The method for correcting is to correct the flag in the local student information system of the district effectively correcting the source data. School districts that are on the list of districts serving Migrant students will be allowed to have students flagged as "Yes" and "No" for their Migrant status. The list of districts will be maintained throughout the year adding and deleting districts as appropriate.

Validate the Assessment Pre-coded Students as well as Post Coded Students: Beginning in the 2013-2014 school year, the report that produces pre-coded labels for the Grades 3 - 8 assessments will include the validation in Phase 2 ensuring that only districts that have students indicated as Migrant = true can have students pre-labeled with the Migrant flag.

In addition to this, the data from the State Assessments for Grades 3 - 8 and 9 - 12 is previewed and certified at the end of the school year. We will add the validation from Phase 2 to this process as well as ensuring that only districts who have reported Migrant students can have students indicated as Migrant = true on the state assessment final results.

Student Level validation: Beginning in the 2014-2015 school year, a process will be created that will allow the Migrant office to export a list of Migrant students from the Migrant system and import that same list into the "Wave" system to allow for a cross check of validation at the student level. Students indicated as Migrant in the local student information system at the district will be cross-checked against the list. If they are not found in the list, they will be marked as an error on the Wave Portal (Data Validation Wizard) and displayed to the district to be corrected. If the student is NOT indicated as Migrant in their local student information system, but they are found to be on the imported list from the Federal System, they will also be flagged as an error on the Wave Portal requiring the user to go into their local student information system and indicate the student is a Migrant.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Use of MSIX to Verify Data Quality</th>
<th>(Yes/No)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Does the State use data in the Migrant Student Information Exchange (MSIX) to verify the quality of migrant data?</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
If MSIX is utilized, please explain how.

The response is limited to 8,000 characters.
2.3.1.3.4 Quality Control Processes

In the space below, respond to the following questions:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Quality Control Processes</th>
<th>Yes/No</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Is student eligibility based on a personal interview (face-to-face or phone call) with a parent, guardian, or other responsible adult, or youth-as-worker?</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Do the SEA and/or regional offices train recruiters at least annually on eligibility requirements, including the basic eligibility definition, economic necessity, temporary vs. seasonal, processing, etc.?</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Does the SEA have a formal process, beyond the recruiter's determination, for reviewing and ensuring the accuracy of written eligibility information [e.g., COEs are reviewed and initialed by the recruiter's supervisor and/or other reviewer(s)]?</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Are incomplete or otherwise questionable COEs returned to the recruiter for correction, further explanation, documentation, and/or verification?</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Does the SEA provide recruiters with written eligibility guidance (e.g., a handbook)?</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Does the SEA review student attendance at summer/inter-session projects?</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Does the SEA have both a local and state-level process for resolving eligibility questions?</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Are written procedures provided to regular school year and summer/inter-session personnel on how to collect and report pupil enrollment and withdrawal data?</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Are records/data entry personnel provided training on how to review regular school year and summer/inter-session site records, input data, and run reports used for child count purposes?</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In the space below, describe the results of any re-interview processes used by the SEA during the performance period to test the accuracy of the State's MEP eligibility determinations.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Results</th>
<th>#</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The number of eligibility determinations sampled.</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The number of eligibility determinations sampled for which a re-interview was completed.</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The number of eligibility determinations sampled for which a re-interview was completed and the child was found eligible.</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Describe any reasons children were determined ineligible in the re-interviewing process.

The response is limited to 8,000 characters.

Sample of COEs were drawn from Guymon and Heavener. We based our sampling on students who were still current residents. We ran a report with all the COEs from the sites and then randomly picked from the total COEs at the sites. However, even though we based our sampling on students who were still residents there would be a significant percentage of families and students not available during the re-interviewing process. We notified the districts regarding the necessity to participate in the re-interview process. District migrant staff was asked to assist in setting up appointments and families and facilitating visits (but not directly participating in the reinterview to avoid conflict of interest.) The Migrant Education Director conducted the reinterviewing process. The total number of reinterviews completed was five. The total number found eligible was five.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Procedures</th>
<th>Yes/No</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Was the sampling of eligible children random?</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Was the sampling statewide?</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If the sampling was stratified by group/area please describe the procedures.

The response is limited to 8,000 characters.

Please describe the sampling replacement by the State.

The response is limited to 8,000 characters.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Obtaining Data From Families</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Check the applicable box to indicate how the re-interviews were conducted</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Face-to-face re-interviews | Phone Interviews | Both
--- | --- | ---

| Obtaining Data From Families | | 
| --- | --- | ---
| Face-to-face re-interviews | | 

Was there a standard instrument used? | Yes  |
--- | --- |
Was there a protocol for verifying all information used in making the original eligibility determination? | Yes  |
Were re-interviewers trained and provided instruments? | Yes  |
Did the recruitment personnel who made the initial eligibility determinations also conduct the re-interviews with the same families? | No  |
When were the most recent independent re-interviews completed (i.e., interviewers were neither SEA or LOA staff members responsible for administering or operating the MEP, nor any other persons who worked on the initial eligibility determinations being tested)? (MM/YY) | 05/10  |

If you did conduct independent re-interviews in this performance period, describe how you ensured that the process was independent.

The response is limited to 8,000 characters.

In the space below, refer to the results of any re-interview processes used by the SEA, and if any of the migrant children were found ineligible, describe those corrective actions or improvements that will be made by the SEA to improve the accuracy of its MEP eligibility determinations.

The response is limited to 8,000 characters.
2.3.2 Eligible Migrant Children

2.3.2.1 Priority for Services

In the table below, provide the unduplicated number of eligible migrant children who have been classified as having "Priority for Services." The total is calculated automatically.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age/Grade</th>
<th>Priority for Services During the Performance Period</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age 3 through 5 (not Kindergarten)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ungraded</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Out-of-school</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>91</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments: The reason for the increase of eligible migrant children who have been classified as having "Priority for Services," (PFS), is due to further intensive training on the topic of PFS. The Oklahoma State Department of Education MEP staff conducted two videoconferences and several point to point trainings regarding the definition of PFS and also the standardized form all migrant sites are required to use for each migrant student regarding PFS. These trainings were mandatory. Blanks should be interpreted as zeros.

FAQ on priority for services:

Who is classified as having "priority for service?" Migratory children who are failing or most at risk of failing to meet the State's challenging academic content standards and student academic achievement standards, and whose education has been interrupted during the regular school year.
### 2.3.2.2 Limited English Proficient

In the table below, provide the unduplicated number of **eligible** migrant children who are also limited English proficient (LEP). The total is calculated automatically.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age/Grade</th>
<th>Limited English Proficient (LEP) During the Performance Period</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age 3 through 5 (not Kindergarten)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ungraded</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Out-of-school</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>130</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Comments:** Blanks should be interpreted as zeros.
2.3.2.3 Children with Disabilities (IDEA)

In the table below, provide the unduplicated number of eligible migrant children who are also children with disabilities (IDEA) under Part B or Part C of the IDEA. The total is calculated automatically.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age/Grade</th>
<th>Children with Disabilities (IDEA) During the Performance Period</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age birth through 2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age 3 through 5 (not Kindergarten)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ungraded</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Out-of-school</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments: Blanks count as zeros. No students were reported during the performance period.
2.3.2.4 Qualifying Arrival Date (QAD)

In the table below, provide the unduplicated number of eligible migrant children whose qualifying arrival date (QAD) occurred within 12 months from the last day of the performance period, August 31, 2013 (i.e., QAD during the performance period). The total is calculated automatically.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age/Grade</th>
<th>Qualifying Arrival Date During the Performance Period</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age birth through 2</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age 3 through 5 (not Kindergarten)</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ungraded</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Out-of-school</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>299</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Comments:** We have more migrant students than we did last performance period.
### 2.3.2.5 Qualifying Arrival Date During the Regular School Year

In the table below, provide the unduplicated number of eligible migrant children whose most recent qualifying arrival date occurred during the performance period’s regular school year (i.e., QAD during the 2012-13 regular school year). The total is calculated automatically.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age/Grade</th>
<th>Qualifying Arrival Date During the Regular School Year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age birth through 2</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age 3 through 5 (not Kindergarten)</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K</td>
<td>46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>44</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ungraded</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Out-of-school</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>495</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Comments:** Blanks should be interpreted as zeros.
2.3.2.6 Referrals — During the Regular School Year

In the table below, provide the unduplicated number of **eligible** migrant children who, during the regular school year, received an educational or educationally related service funded by a non-MEP program/organization that they would not have otherwise received without efforts supported by MEP funds. Children should be reported only once regardless of the frequency with which they received a referred service. Include children who received a referral only or who received both a referral and MEP-funded services. Do not include children who received a referral from the MEP, but did not receive services from the non-MEP program/organization to which they were referred. The total is calculated automatically.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age/Grade</th>
<th>Referrals During the Regular School Year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age birth through 2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age 3 through 5 (not Kindergarten)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ungraded</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Out-of-school</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>46</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Comments:** Blanks should be interpreted as zeros.
2.3.2.7 Referrals — During the Summer/Intersession Term

In the table below, provide the unduplicated number of eligible migrant children who, during the summer/intersession term, received an educational or educationally related service funded by another non-MEP program/organization that they would not have otherwise received without efforts supported by MEP funds. Children should be reported only once regardless of the frequency with which they received a referred service. Include children who received a referral only or who received both a referral and MEP-funded services. Do not include children who received a referral from the MEP, but did not receive services from the non-MEP program/organization to which they were referred. The total is calculated automatically.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age/Grade</th>
<th>Referrals</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age birth through 2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age 3 through 5 (not Kindergarten)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ungraded</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Out-of-school</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments: No students reported during performance period.
2.3.2.8 Academic Status

The following questions collect data about the academic status of eligible migrant students.

2.3.2.8.1 Dropouts

In the table below, provide the unduplicated number of eligible migrant students who dropped out of school. The total is calculated automatically.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Dropouts During the Performance Period</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ungraded</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments: We collect this information, but no students were reported during the performance period.

FAQ on Dropouts: How is "drop outs of school" defined? The term used for students, who, during the performance period, were enrolled in a public school for at least one day, but who subsequently left school with no plans on returning to enroll in a school and continue toward a high school diploma. Students who dropped out-of-school prior to the 2011-12 performance period should be classified NOT as "drop-outs" but as "out-of-school youth."

2.3.2.8.2 GED

In the table below, provide the total unduplicated number of eligible migrant students who obtained a General Education Development (GED) Certificate in your State.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Obtained GED</th>
<th>#</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Obtained a GED in your State During the Performance Period</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments: We collect this information, but no students were reported during the performance period.
2.3.3 MEP Participation Data – Regular School Year

The following questions collect data about the participation of migrant children in MEP-funded services during the regular school year.

Participating migrant children include:

- Children who received instructional or support services funded in whole or in part with MEP funds.
- Eligible migrant children and children who continued to receive MEP-funded services: (1) during the term their eligibility ended, (2) for one additional school year after their eligibility ended, if comparable services were not available through other programs, and (3) in secondary school after their eligibility ended, and served through credit accrual programs until graduation [e.g., children served under the continuation of services authority, Section 1304(e) (1–3)].

Do not include:

- Children who were served through a Title I Schoolwide Program (SWP) where MEP funds were consolidated with those of other programs.
- Children who received only referred services (non-MEP funded).
- Children who were only served during the summer/intersession term.

FAQ on Services:

What are services? Services are a subset of all allowable activities that the MEP can provide through its programs and projects. "Services" are those educational or educationally related activities that: (1) directly benefit a migrant child; (2) address a need of a migrant child consistent with the SEA's comprehensive needs assessment and service delivery plan; (3) are grounded in scientifically based research or, in the case of support services, are a generally accepted practice; and (4) are designed to enable the program to meet its measurable outcomes and contribute to the achievement of the State's performance targets. Activities related to identification and recruitment activities, parental involvement, program evaluation, professional development, or administration of the program are examples of allowable activities that are not considered services. Other examples of an allowable activity that would not be considered a service would be the one-time act of providing instructional packets to a child or family, and handing out leaflets to migrant families on available reading programs as part of an effort to increase the reading skills of migrant children. Although these are allowable activities, they are not services because they do not meet all of the criteria above.

2.3.3.1 MEP Children Served During the Regular School Year

In the table below, provide the unduplicated number of participating migrant children who received MEP-funded instructional or support services during the regular school year. Do not count the number of times an individual child received a service intervention. The total number of students served is calculated automatically.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age/Grade</th>
<th>Served During the Regular School Year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age Birth through 2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age 3 through 5 (not Kindergarten)</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ungraded</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Out-of-school</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>385</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:
2.3.3.2 Priority for Services – During the Regular School Year

In the table below, provide the unduplicated number of participating migrant children who have been classified as having "priority for services" and who received MEP funded instructional or support services during the regular school year. The total is calculated automatically.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age/Grade</th>
<th>Priority for Services During the Regular School Year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age 3 through 5</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ungraded</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Out-of-school</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>91</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments: The increase of eligible migrant children who have been classified as having Priority for Services (PFS) is due to several trainings. The Oklahoma Migrant Education Program has a standard form for PFS that each migrant site must complete for each qualifying migrant student. This form combined with increased trainings and technical assistance calls devoted to PFS has led to an increase in accurate identification. The Oklahoma State Department of Education MEP staff conducted two videoconference and several point to point trainings regarding the definition of PFS and also the standardized form all migrant sites are required to use for each migrant student regarding PFS.
2.3.3.3 Continuation of Services – During the Regular School Year

In the table below, provide the unduplicated number of participating migrant children who received instructional or support services during the regular school year under the continuation of services authority Sections 1304(e)(2–3). Do not include children served under Section 1304(e)(1), which are children whose eligibility expired during the school term. The total is calculated automatically.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age/Grade</th>
<th>Continuation of Services During the Regular School Year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age 3 through 5 (not Kindergarten)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ungraded</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Out-of-school</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:
### 2.3.3.4 Instructional Service – During the Regular School Year

In the table below, provide the unduplicated number of participating migrant children who received any type of MEP-funded instructional service during the regular school year. Include children who received instructional services provided by either a teacher or a paraprofessional. Children should be reported only once regardless of the frequency with which they received a service intervention. The total is calculated automatically.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age/Grade</th>
<th>Instructional Service During the Regular School Year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age birth through 2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age 3 through 5 (not Kindergarten)</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>32</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ungraded</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Out-of-school</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>376</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:
## 2.3.3.4.1 Type of Instructional Service – During the Regular School Year

In the table below, provide the number of **participating** migrant children reported in the table above who received reading instruction, mathematics instruction, or high school credit accrual during the regular school year. Include children who received such instructional services provided by a teacher only. Children may be reported as having received more than one type of instructional service in the table. However, children should be reported only once within each type of instructional service that they received regardless of the frequency with which they received the instructional service. The totals are calculated automatically.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age/Grade</th>
<th>Reading Instruction During the Regular School Year</th>
<th>Mathematics Instruction During the Regular School Year</th>
<th>High School Credit Accrual During the Regular School Year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age birth through 2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age 3 through 5 (not Kindergarten)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>25</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>32</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>25</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>23</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>18</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>18</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>14</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>18</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>24</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ungraded</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Out-of-school</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>225</td>
<td>263</td>
<td>68</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Comments:**

**FAQ on Types of Instructional Services:**

What is "high school credit accrual"? Instruction in courses that accrue credits needed for high school graduation provided by a teacher for students on a regular or systematic basis, usually for a predetermined period of time. Includes correspondence courses taken by a student under the supervision of a teacher.
2.3.3.4.2 Support Services with Breakout for Counseling Service – During the Regular School Year

In the table below, in the column titled **Support Services**, provide the unduplicated number of participating migrant children who received any MEP-funded support service during the regular school year. In the column titled **Counseling Service**, provide the unduplicated number of participating migrant children who received a counseling service during the regular school year. Children should be reported only once in each column regardless of the frequency with which they received a support service intervention. The totals are calculated automatically.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age/Grade</th>
<th>Support Services During the Regular School Year</th>
<th>Breakout of Counseling Service During the Regular School Year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age birth through 2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age 3 through 5 (not Kindergarten)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ungraded</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Out-of-school</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>66</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Comments:**

**FAQs on Support Services:**

a. *What are support services?* These MEP-funded services include, but are not limited to, health, nutrition, counseling, and social services for migrant families; necessary educational supplies, and transportation. The one-time act of providing instructional or informational packets to a child or family does not constitute a support service.

b. *What are counseling services?* Services to help a student to better identify and enhance his or her educational, personal, or occupational potential; relate his or her abilities, emotions, and aptitudes to educational and career opportunities; utilize his or her abilities in formulating realistic plans; and achieve satisfying personal and social development. These activities take place between one or more counselors and one or more students as counselees, between students and students, and between counselors and other staff members. The services can also help the child address life problems or personal crisis that result from the culture of migrancy.
2.3.4 MEP Participation – Summer/Intersession Term

The questions in this subsection are similar to the questions in the previous section with one difference. The questions in this subsection collect data on the summer/intersession term instead of the regular school year.

2.3.4.1 MEP Students Served During the Summer/Intersession Term

In the table below, provide the unduplicated number of participating migrant children who received MEP-funded instructional or support services during the summer/intersession term. Do not count the number of times an individual child received a service intervention. The total number of students served is calculated automatically.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age/Grade</th>
<th>Served During the Summer/Intersession Term</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age Birth through 2</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age 3 through 5 (not Kindergarten)</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ungraded</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Out-of-school</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>104</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:
2.3.4.2 Priority for Services – During the Summer/Intersession Term

In the table below, provide the unduplicated number of participating migrant children who have been classified as having "priority for services" and who received MEP-funded instructional or support services during the summer/intersession term. The total is calculated automatically.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age/Grade</th>
<th>Priority for Services During the Summer/Intersession Term</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age 3 through 5</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ungraded</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Out-of-school</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:
### 2.3.4.4 Instructional Service – During the Summer/Intersession Term

In the table below, provide the unduplicated number of participating migrant children who received any type of MEP-funded instructional service during the summer/intersession term. Include children who received instructional services provided by either a teacher or a paraprofessional. Children should be reported only once regardless of the frequency with which they received a service intervention. The total is calculated automatically.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age/Grade</th>
<th>Instructional Service During the Summer/Intersession Term</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age birth through 2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age 3 through 5 (not Kindergarten)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ungraded</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Out-of-school</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>102</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:
2.3.4.4.1 Type of Instructional Service

In the table below, provide the number of participating migrant children reported in the table above who received reading instruction, mathematics instruction, or high school credit accrual during the summer/intersession term. Include children who received such instructional services provided by a teacher only. Children may be reported as having received more than one type of instructional service in the table. However, children should be reported only once within each type of instructional service that they received regardless of the frequency with which they received the instructional service. The totals are calculated automatically.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age/Grade</th>
<th>Reading Instruction During the Summer/Intersession Term</th>
<th>Mathematics Instruction During the Summer/Intersession Term</th>
<th>High School Credit Accrual During the Summer/Intersession Term</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age birth through 2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age 3 through 5 (not Kindergarten)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>12</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>11</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>15</td>
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<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ungraded</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Out-of-school</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>104</td>
<td>104</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:

FAQ on Types of Instructional Services:
What is "high school credit accrual"? Instruction in courses that accrue credits needed for high school graduation provided by a teacher for students on a regular or systematic basis, usually for a predetermined period of time. Includes correspondence courses taken by a student under the supervision of a teacher.
### 2.3.4.4.2 Support Services with Breakout for Counseling Service – During the Summer/Intersession Term

In the table below, in the column titled **Support Services**, provide the unduplicated number of participating migrant children who received any MEP-funded support service during the summer/intersession term. In the column titled **Counseling Service**, provide the unduplicated number of participating migrant children who received a counseling service during the summer/intersession term. Children should be reported only once in each column regardless of the frequency with which they received a support service intervention. The totals are calculated automatically.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age/Grade</th>
<th>Support Services During the Summer/Intersession Term</th>
<th>Breakout of Counseling Service During the Summer/Intersession Term</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age birth through 2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age 3 through 5 (not Kindergarten)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>8</td>
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<td>9</td>
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<td>10</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ungraded</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Out-of-school</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Comments:** No students reported during performance period.

**FAQs on Support Services:**

a. **What are support services?** These MEP-funded services include, but are not limited to, health, nutrition, counseling, and social services for migrant families; necessary educational supplies, and transportation. The one-time act of providing instructional or informational packets to a child or family does not constitute a support service.

b. **What are counseling services?** Services to help a student to better identify and enhance his or her educational, personal, or occupational potential; relate his or her abilities, emotions, and aptitudes to educational and career opportunities; utilize his or her abilities in formulating realistic plans; and achieve satisfying personal and social development. These activities take place between one or more counselors and one or more students as counselees, between students and students, and between counselors and other staff members. The services can also help the child address life problems or personal crisis that result from the culture of migrancy.
### 2.3.5 MEP Participation – Performance Period

In the table below, provide the unduplicated number of participating migrant children who received MEP-funded instructional or support services at any time during the performance period. Do not count the number of times an individual child received a service intervention. The total number of students served is calculated automatically.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age/Grade</th>
<th>Served During the Performance Period</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Age Birth through 2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Age 3 through 5 (not Kindergarten)</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>K</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>28</td>
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<tr>
<td>5</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
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<tr>
<td>8</td>
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<tr>
<td>9</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ungraded</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Out-of-school</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>394</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:
### 2.3.6 School Data - During the Regular School Year

The following questions are about the enrollment of eligible migrant children in schools during the regular school year.

#### 2.3.6.1 Schools and Enrollment - During the Regular School Year

In the table below, provide the number of public schools that enrolled *eligible* migrant children at any time during the regular school year. Schools include public schools that serve school age (e.g., grades K through 12) children. Also, provide the number of *eligible* migrant children who were enrolled in those schools. Since more than one school in a State may enroll the same migrant child at some time during the regular school year, the number of children may include duplicates.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Schools</th>
<th>#</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number of schools that enrolled eligible migrant children</td>
<td>52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of eligible migrant children enrolled in those schools</td>
<td>717</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:

#### 2.3.6.2 Schools Where MEP Funds Were Consolidated in School Wide Programs (SWP) – During the Regular School Year

In the table below, provide the number of schools where MEP funds were consolidated in an SWP. Also, provide the number of *eligible* migrant children who were enrolled in those schools at any time during the regular school year. Since more than one school in a State may enroll the same migrant child at some time during the regular school year, the number of children may include duplicates.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Schools</th>
<th>#</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number of schools where MEP funds were consolidated in a schoolwide program</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of eligible migrant children enrolled in those schools</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments: (Zero schools consolidated MEP funds in a schoolwide program.) Zero eligible migrant children enrolled in those schools. As defined by MEP, there are no "schoolwide" schools in Oklahoma. The traditional definition of "schoolwide" does not apply to all federal programs in Oklahoma. Schoolwide only applies to the programmatic side of Title I-A. This means that all students in a schoolwide school qualify for and receive services. The other alternative under Title I-A is "targeted assistance." In this method, students are rank ordered. The students with the most need receive services. In Oklahoma, schools are either "schoolwide" or "targeted assistance." Title I-C funds are not combined with Title I-A funds at the school or district level to carry out a schoolwide program as is traditionally thought of in federal terms. Migrant students are served first under Title I-A and second under Title I-C.
2.3.7 MEP Project Data

The following questions collect data on MEP projects.

2.3.7.1 Type of MEP Project

In the table below, provide the number of projects that are funded in whole or in part with MEP funds. A MEP project is the entity that receives MEP funds from the State or through an intermediate entity that receives the MEP funds from the State and provides services directly to the migrant child. Do not include projects where MEP funds were consolidated in SWP.

Also, provide the number of migrant children participating in the projects. Since children may participate in more than one project, the number of children may include duplicates.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of MEP Project</th>
<th>Number of MEP Projects</th>
<th>Number of Migrant Children Participating in the Projects</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Regular school year - school day only</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Regular school year - school day/extended day</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Summer/Intersession only</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>102</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year round</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:

FAQs on type of MEP project:

a. What is a project? A project is any entity that receives MEP funds and provides services directly to migrant children in accordance with the State Service Delivery Plan and State approved subgrant applications or contracts. A project's services may be provided in one or more sites. Each project should be counted once, regardless of the number of sites in which it provides services.

b. What are Regular School Year – School Day Only projects? Projects where all MEP services are provided during the school day during the regular school year.

c. What are Regular School Year – School Day/Extended Day projects? Projects where some or all MEP services are provided during an extended day or week during the regular school year (e.g., some services are provided during the school day and some outside of the school day; e.g., all services are provided outside of the school day).

d. What are Summer/Intersession Only projects? Projects where all MEP services are provided during the summer/intersession term.

e. What are Year Round projects? Projects where all MEP services are provided during the regular school year and summer/intersession term.
2.3.8 MEP Personnel Data

The following questions collect data on MEP personnel data.

2.3.8.1 MEP State Director

In the table below, provide the FTE amount of time the State director performs MEP duties (regardless of whether the director is funded by State, MEP, or other funds) during the performance period (e.g., September 1 through August 31).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State Director FTE</th>
<th>0.50</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Comments:

FAQs on the MEP State director

a. *How is the FTE calculated for the State director?* Calculate the FTE using the number of days worked for the MEP. To do so, first define how many full-time days constitute one FTE for the State director in your State for the performance period. To calculate the FTE number, sum the total days the State director worked for the MEP during the performance period and divide this sum by the number of full-time days that constitute one FTE in the performance period.

b. *Who is the State director?* The manager within the SEA who administers the MEP on a Statewide basis.
2.3.8.2 MEP Staff

In the table below, provide the headcount and FTE by job classification of the staff funded by the MEP. Do not include staff employed in SWP where MEP funds were combined with those of other programs.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Job Classification</th>
<th>Regular School Year</th>
<th></th>
<th>Summer/Intersession Term</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Headcount</td>
<td>FTE</td>
<td>Headcount</td>
<td>FTE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Teachers</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Counselors</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All paraprofessionals</td>
<td>64</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Recruiters</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Records transfer staff</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Administrators</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:

Note: The Headcount value displayed represents the greatest whole number submitted in file specification N/X065 for the corresponding Job Classification. For example, an ESS submitted value of 9.8 will be represented in your CSPR as 9.

FAQs on MEP staff:

a. How is the FTE calculated? The FTE may be calculated using one of two methods:
   1. To calculate the FTE, in each job category, sum the percentage of time that staff were funded by the MEP and enter the total FTE for that category.
   2. Calculate the FTE using the number of days worked. To do so, first define how many full-time days constitute one FTE for each job classification in your State for each term. (For example, one regular-term FTE may equal 180 full-time (8 hour) work days; one summer term FTE may equal 30 full-time work days; or one intersession FTE may equal 45 full-time work days split between three 15-day non-contiguous blocks throughout the year.) To calculate the FTE number, sum the total days the individuals worked in a particular job classification for a term and divide this sum by the number of full-time days that constitute one FTE in that term.

b. Who is a teacher? A classroom instructor who is licensed and meets any other teaching requirements in the State.

c. Who is a counselor? A professional staff member who guides individuals, families, groups, and communities by assisting them in problem-solving, decision-making, discovering meaning, and articulating goals related to personal, educational, and career development.

d. Who is a paraprofessional? An individual who: (1) provides one-on-one tutoring if such tutoring is scheduled at a time when a student would not otherwise receive instruction from a teacher; (2) assists with classroom management, such as organizing instructional and other materials; (3) provides instructional assistance in a computer laboratory; (4) conducts parental involvement activities; (5) provides support in a library or media center; (6) acts as a translator; or (7) provides instructional support services under the direct supervision of a teacher (Title I, Section 1119(g)(2)). Because a paraprofessional provides instructional support, he/she should not be providing planned direct instruction or introducing to students new skills, concepts, or academic content. Individuals who work in food services, cafeteria or playground supervision, personal care services, non-instructional computer assistance, and similar positions are not considered paraprofessionals under Title I.

e. Who is a recruiter? A staff person responsible for identifying and recruiting children as eligible for the MEP and documenting their eligibility on the Certificate of Eligibility.

f. Who is a record transfer staffer? An individual who is responsible for entering, retrieving, or sending student records from or to another school or student records system.

g. Who is an administrator? A professional staff member, including the project director or regional director. The SEA MEP Director should not be included.
2.3.8.3 Qualified Paraprofessionals

In the table below, provide the headcount and FTE of the qualified paraprofessionals funded by the MEP. Do not include staff employed in SWP where MEP funds were combined with those of other programs.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Professional funded by MEP</th>
<th>Regular School Year</th>
<th>Summer/Intersession Term</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Headcount</td>
<td>FTE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Qualified Paraprofessionals</td>
<td>64</td>
<td>20.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:

FAQs on qualified paraprofessionals:

a. **How is the FTE calculated?** The FTE may be calculated using one of two methods:
   1. To calculate the FTE, sum the percentage of time that staff were funded by the MEP and enter the total FTE for that category.
   2. Calculate the FTE using the number of days worked. To do so, first define how many full-time days constitute one FTE in your State for each term. (For example, one regular-term FTE may equal 180 full-time (8 hour) work days; one summer term FTE may equal 30 full-time work days; or one intersession FTE may equal 45 full-time work days split between three 15-day non-contiguous blocks throughout the year.) To calculate the FTE number, sum the total days the individuals worked for a term and divide this sum by the number of full-time days that constitute one FTE in that term.

b. **Who is a qualified paraprofessional?** A qualified paraprofessional must have a secondary school diploma or its recognized equivalent and have (1) completed 2 years of study at an institution of higher education; (2) obtained an associate's (or higher) degree; or (3) met a rigorous standard of quality and be able to demonstrate, through a formal State or local academic assessment, knowledge of and the ability to assist in instructing reading, writing, and mathematics (or, as appropriate, reading readiness, writing readiness, and mathematics readiness) (Sections 1119(c) and (d) of ESEA).
2.4 PREVENTION AND INTERVENTION PROGRAMS FOR CHILDREN AND YOUTH WHO ARE NEGLECTED, DELINQUENT, OR AT RISK (TITLE I, PART D, SUBPARTS 1 AND 2)

This section collects data on programs and facilities that serve students who are neglected, delinquent, or at risk under Title I, Part D, and characteristics about and services provided to these students.

Throughout this section:

- Report data for the program year of July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2013.
- Count programs/facilities based on how the program was classified to ED for funding purposes.
- Do not include programs funded solely through Title I, Part A.
- Use the definitions listed below:
  - **Adult Corrections**: An adult correctional institution is a facility in which persons, including persons 21 or under, are confined as a result of conviction for a criminal offense.
  - **At-Risk Programs**: Programs operated (through LEAs) that target students who are at risk of academic failure, have a drug or alcohol problem, are pregnant or parenting, have been in contact with the juvenile justice system in the past, are at least 1 year behind the expected age/grade level, have limited English proficiency, are gang members, have dropped out of school in the past, or have a high absenteeism rate at school.
  - **Juvenile Corrections**: An institution for delinquent children and youth is a public or private residential facility other than a foster home that is operated for the care of children and youth who have been adjudicated delinquent or in need of supervision. Include any programs serving adjudicated youth (including non-secure facilities and group homes) in this category.
  - **Juvenile Detention Facilities**: Detention facilities are shorter-term institutions that provide care to children who require secure custody pending court adjudication, court disposition, or execution of a court order, or care to children after commitment.
  - **Neglected Programs**: An institution for neglected children and youth is a public or private residential facility, other than a foster home, that is operated primarily for the care of children who have been committed to the institution or voluntarily placed under applicable State law due to abandonment, neglect, or death of their parents or guardians.
  - **Other**: Any other programs, not defined above, which receive Title I, Part D funds and serve non-adjudicated children and youth.
2.4.1 State Agency Title I, Part D Programs and Facilities – Subpart 1

The following questions collect data on Title I, Part D, Subpart 1 programs and facilities.

2.4.1.1 Programs and Facilities - Subpart 1

In the table below, provide the number of State agency Title I, Part D, Subpart 1 programs and facilities that serve neglected and delinquent students and the average length of stay by program/facility type, for these students.

Report only programs and facilities that received Title I, Part D, Subpart 1 funding during the reporting year. Count a facility once if it offers only one type of program. If a facility offers more than one type of program (i.e., it is a multipurpose facility), then count each of the separate programs. The total number of programs/facilities will be automatically calculated. Below the table is a FAQ about the data collected in this table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State Program/Facility Type</th>
<th># Programs/Facilities</th>
<th>Average Length of Stay in Days</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Neglected programs</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Juvenile detention</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Juvenile corrections</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>365</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adult corrections</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>109</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>19</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:

FAQ on Programs and Facilities - Subpart I:
How is average length of stay calculated? The average length of stay should be weighted by number of students and should include the number of days, per visit, for each student enrolled during the reporting year, regardless of entry or exit date. Multiple visits for students who entered more than once during the reporting year can be included. The average length of stay in days should not exceed 365.

2.4.1.1.1 Programs and Facilities That Reported - Subpart 1

In the table below, provide the number of State agency Title I, Part D, Subpart 1 programs/facilities that reported data on neglected and delinquent students.

The total row will be automatically calculated.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State Program/Facility Type</th>
<th># Reporting Data</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Neglected Programs</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Juvenile Detention</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Juvenile Corrections</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adult Corrections</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:
### 2.4.1.2 Students Served – Subpart 1

In the tables below, provide the number of neglected and delinquent students served in State agency Title I, Part D, Subpart 1 programs and facilities. Report only students who received Title I, Part D, Subpart 1 services during the reporting year. In the first table, provide in row 1 the unduplicated number of students served by each program, and in row 2, the total number of students in row 1 who are long-term. In the subsequent tables provide the number of students served by disability (IDEA) and limited English proficiency (LEP), by race/ethnicity, by sex, and by age. The total number of students by race/ethnicity, by sex and by age will be automatically calculated.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th># of Students Served</th>
<th>Neglected Programs</th>
<th>Juvenile Detention</th>
<th>Juvenile Corrections</th>
<th>Adult Corrections</th>
<th>Other Programs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total Unduplicated Students Served</td>
<td></td>
<td>193</td>
<td></td>
<td>577</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Long Term Students Served</td>
<td></td>
<td>189</td>
<td></td>
<td>274</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Student Subgroups</th>
<th>Neglected Programs</th>
<th>Juvenile Detention</th>
<th>Juvenile Corrections</th>
<th>Adult Corrections</th>
<th>Other Programs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Students with disabilities (IDEA)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>98</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LEP Students</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>9</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Race/Ethnicity</th>
<th>Neglected Programs</th>
<th>Juvenile Detention</th>
<th>Juvenile Corrections</th>
<th>Adult Corrections</th>
<th>Other Programs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>American Indian or Alaskan Native</td>
<td></td>
<td>19</td>
<td>71</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black or African American</td>
<td>102</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>191</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic or Latino</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>82</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>54</td>
<td>189</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two or more races</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>43</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>193</td>
<td>577</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sex</th>
<th>Neglected Programs</th>
<th>Juvenile Detention</th>
<th>Juvenile Corrections</th>
<th>Adult Corrections</th>
<th>Other Programs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Male</td>
<td>172</td>
<td>506</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>71</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>193</td>
<td>577</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age</th>
<th>Neglected Programs</th>
<th>Juvenile Detention</th>
<th>Juvenile Corrections</th>
<th>Adult Corrections</th>
<th>Other Programs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3 through 5</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>76</td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>23</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>82</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>156</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>313</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>193</td>
<td>577</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
If the total number of students differs by demographics, please explain in comment box below.

This response is limited to 8,000 characters.

Comments:

**FAQ on Unduplicated Count:**
_What is an unduplicated count?_ An unduplicated count is one that counts students only once, even if they were admitted to a facility or program multiple times within the reporting year.

**FAQ on long-term:**
_What is long-term?_ Long-term refers to students who were enrolled for at least 90 consecutive calendar days from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2013.
### 2.4.1.3.1 Transition Services in Subpart 1

In the first row of the table below indicate whether programs/facilities receiving Subpart 1 funds within the State are able to track student outcomes after leaving the program or facility by entering Yes or No. If not, provide more information in the comment field. In the second row, provide the unduplicated count of students receiving transition services that specifically target planning for further schooling and/or employment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Transition Services</th>
<th>Neglected Programs</th>
<th>Juvenile Detention</th>
<th>Juvenile Corrections</th>
<th>Adult Corrections</th>
<th>Other Programs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Are facilities in your state able to collect data on student outcomes after exit?</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of students receiving transition services that address further schooling and/or employment.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This response is limited to 4,000 characters.

**Comments:** Oklahoma Department of Corrections does not allow contact with offenders after they discharge. Office of Juvenile Affairs does not currently have the ability to track student outcomes after facility exit, but are working to develop a system to make it possible to collect this data in the future.

### 2.4.1.3.2 Academic and Vocational Outcomes While in the State Agency Program/Facility or Within 90 Calendar Days After Exit

In the table below, for each program type, first provide the unduplicated number of students who attained academic and vocational outcomes while enrolled in the State agency program/facility and next provide the unduplicated number of students who attained academic and vocational outcomes within 90 calendar days after exiting. If a student attained an outcome once in the program/facility and once during the 90 day transition period, that student may be counted once in each column separately.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Outcomes</th>
<th>Neglected Programs</th>
<th>Juvenile Detention</th>
<th>Juvenile Corrections</th>
<th>Adult Corrections</th>
<th>Other Programs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td># of Students Who</td>
<td>In fac.</td>
<td>90 days after exit</td>
<td>In fac.</td>
<td>90 days after exit</td>
<td>In fac.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enrolled in their local district school</td>
<td></td>
<td>193</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Earned high school course credits</td>
<td></td>
<td>180</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enrolled in a GED program</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>381</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Earned a GED</td>
<td></td>
<td>18</td>
<td>171</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Obtained high school diploma</td>
<td></td>
<td>12</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accepted and/or enrolled into post-secondary education</td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>7</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enrolled in job training courses/programs</td>
<td></td>
<td>11</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Obtained employment</td>
<td></td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This response is limited to 4,000 characters.

**Comments:** Oklahoma Department of Corrections does not allow contact with offenders after they discharge. Office of Juvenile Affairs does not currently have the ability to track student outcomes after facility exit, but are working to develop a system to make it possible to collect this data in the future.
2.4.1.6 Academic Performance – Subpart 1

The following questions collect data on the academic performance of neglected and delinquent students served by Title I, Part D, Subpart 1 in reading and mathematics.

2.4.1.6.1 Academic Performance in Reading – Subpart 1

In the tables below, provide the unduplicated number of long-term students served by Title I, Part D, Subpart 1, who participated in reading testing. In the first table, report the number of students who tested below grade level upon entry based on their pre-test. A post-test is not required to answer this item. Then, indicate the number of students who completed both a pre-test and a post-test. In the second table, report only students who participated in both pre-and post-testing. Students should be reported in only one of the four change categories in the second table below.

Report only information on a student's most recent testing data. Students who were pre-tested prior to July 1, 2012, may be included if their post-test was administered during the reporting year. Students who were post-tested after the reporting year ended should be counted in the following year. Below the tables is an FAQ about the data collected in these tables.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Data</th>
<th>Neglected Programs</th>
<th>Juvenile Detention</th>
<th>Juvenile Corrections</th>
<th>Adult Corrections</th>
<th>Other Programs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Long-term students who tested below grade level upon entry</td>
<td></td>
<td>165</td>
<td>274</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Long-term students who have complete pre- and post-test results (data)</td>
<td></td>
<td>189</td>
<td>268</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Of the students reported in the second row above, indicate the number who showed:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Data</th>
<th>Neglected Programs</th>
<th>Juvenile Detention</th>
<th>Juvenile Corrections</th>
<th>Adult Corrections</th>
<th>Other Programs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Negative grade level change from the pre-to post-test exams</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>27</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No change in grade level from the pre- to post-test exams</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>11</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improvement up to one full grade level from the pre- to post-test exams</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>49</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improvement of more than one full grade level from the pre- to post-test exams</td>
<td>101</td>
<td>181</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

FAQ on long-term students:
What is long-term? Long-term refers to students who were enrolled for at least 90 consecutive calendar days from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2013.
2.4.1.6.2 Academic Performance in Mathematics – Subpart 1

This section is similar to 2.4.1.6.1. The only difference is that this section collects data on mathematics performance.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Data (Based on most recent testing data)</th>
<th>Neglected Programs</th>
<th>Juvenile Detention</th>
<th>Juvenile Corrections</th>
<th>Adult Corrections</th>
<th>Other Programs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Long-term students who tested below grade level upon entry</td>
<td></td>
<td>165</td>
<td></td>
<td>274</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Long-term students who have complete pre- and post-test results (data)</td>
<td></td>
<td>189</td>
<td></td>
<td>268</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Of the students reported in the second row above, indicate the number who showed:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Data (Based on most recent pre/post-test data)</th>
<th>Neglected Programs</th>
<th>Juvenile Detention</th>
<th>Juvenile Corrections</th>
<th>Adult Corrections</th>
<th>Other Programs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Negative grade level change from the pre- to post-test exams</td>
<td></td>
<td>19</td>
<td></td>
<td>26</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No change in grade level from the pre- to post-test exams</td>
<td></td>
<td>16</td>
<td></td>
<td>15</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improvement up to one full grade level from the pre- to post-test exams</td>
<td></td>
<td>44</td>
<td></td>
<td>77</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improvement of more than one full grade level from the pre- to post-test exams</td>
<td></td>
<td>110</td>
<td></td>
<td>150</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:
2.4.2 LEA Title I, Part D Programs and Facilities – Subpart 2

The following questions collect data on Title I, Part D, Subpart 2 programs and facilities.

2.4.2.1 Programs and Facilities – Subpart 2

In the table below, provide the number of LEA Title I, Part D, Subpart 2 programs and facilities that serve neglected and delinquent students and the yearly average length of stay by program/facility type for these students. Report only the programs and facilities that received Title I, Part D, Subpart 2 funding during the reporting year. Count a facility once if it offers only one type of program. If a facility offers more than one type of program (i.e., it is a multipurpose facility), then count each of the separate programs. The total number of programs/facilities will be automatically calculated. Below the table is an FAQ about the data collected in this table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LEA Program/Facility Type</th>
<th># Programs/Facilities</th>
<th>Average Length of Stay (# days)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>At-risk programs</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neglected programs</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Juvenile detention</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Juvenile corrections</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>163</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>79</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:

FAQ on average length of stay:
How is average length of stay calculated? The average length of stay should be weighted by number of students and should include the number of days, per visit for each student enrolled during the reporting year, regardless of entry or exit date. Multiple visits for students who entered more than once during the reporting year can be included. The average length of stay in days should not exceed 365.

2.4.2.1.1 Programs and Facilities That Reported - Subpart 2

In the table below, provide the number of LEA Title I, Part D, Subpart 2 programs and facilities that reported data on neglected and delinquent students.

The total row will be automatically calculated.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LEA Program/Facility Type</th>
<th># Reporting Data</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>At-risk programs</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Neglected programs</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Juvenile detention</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Juvenile corrections</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>79</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:
2.4.2.2 Students Served – Subpart 2

In the tables below, provide the number of neglected and delinquent students served in LEA Title I, Part D, Subpart 2 programs and facilities. Report only students who received Title I, Part D, Subpart 2 services during the reporting year. In the first table, provide in row 1 the unduplicated number of students served by each program, and in row 2, the total number of students in row 1 who are long-term. In the subsequent tables, provide the number of students served by disability (IDEA), and limited English proficiency (LEP), by race/ethnicity, by sex, and by age. The total number of students by race/ethnicity, by sex, and by age will be automatically calculated.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th># of Students Served</th>
<th>At-Risk Programs</th>
<th>Neglected Programs</th>
<th>Juvenile Detention</th>
<th>Juvenile Corrections</th>
<th>Other Programs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total Unduplicated Students Served</td>
<td>491</td>
<td>3,074</td>
<td>2,452</td>
<td>383</td>
<td>72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Long Term Students Served</td>
<td>161</td>
<td>710</td>
<td>286</td>
<td>258</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Student Subgroups</th>
<th>At-Risk Programs</th>
<th>Neglected Programs</th>
<th>Juvenile Detention</th>
<th>Juvenile Corrections</th>
<th>Other Programs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Students with disabilities (IDEA)</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>804</td>
<td>392</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LEP Students</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Race/Ethnicity</th>
<th>At-Risk Programs</th>
<th>Neglected Programs</th>
<th>Juvenile Detention</th>
<th>Juvenile Corrections</th>
<th>Other Programs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>American Indian or Alaska Native</td>
<td>87</td>
<td>324</td>
<td>392</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black or African American</td>
<td>71</td>
<td>544</td>
<td>608</td>
<td>128</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic or Latino</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>269</td>
<td>205</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>285</td>
<td>1,773</td>
<td>1,189</td>
<td>167</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two or more races</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>139</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>491</td>
<td>3,074</td>
<td>2,452</td>
<td>383</td>
<td>72</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sex</th>
<th>At-Risk Programs</th>
<th>Neglected Programs</th>
<th>Juvenile Detention</th>
<th>Juvenile Corrections</th>
<th>Other Programs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Male</td>
<td>330</td>
<td>1,793</td>
<td>1,825</td>
<td>366</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Female</td>
<td>161</td>
<td>1,281</td>
<td>627</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>491</td>
<td>3,074</td>
<td>2,452</td>
<td>383</td>
<td>72</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age</th>
<th>At-Risk Programs</th>
<th>Neglected Programs</th>
<th>Juvenile Detention</th>
<th>Juvenile Corrections</th>
<th>Other Programs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3-5</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>128</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>118</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>146</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>179</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>177</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>194</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>194</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>266</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>282</td>
<td>142</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>78</td>
<td>333</td>
<td>270</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>344</td>
<td>472</td>
<td>66</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>58</td>
<td>326</td>
<td>618</td>
<td>97</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>281</td>
<td>623</td>
<td>179</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>82</td>
<td>246</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
If the total number of students differs by demographics, please explain. The response is limited to 8,000 characters.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>491</th>
<th>3,074</th>
<th>2,452</th>
<th>383</th>
<th>72</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**FAQ on Unduplicated Count:**

*What is an unduplicated count?* An unduplicated count is one that counts students only once, even if they were admitted to a facility or program multiple times within the reporting year.

**FAQ on long-term:**

*What is long-term?* Long-term refers to students who were enrolled for at least 90 consecutive calendar days from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2013.
2.4.2.3.1 Transition Services in Subpart 2

In the first row of the table below indicate whether programs/facilities receiving Subpart 2 funds within the State are able to track student outcomes after leaving the program or facility by entering Yes or No. If not, provide more information in the comment field. In the second row, provide the unduplicated count of students receiving transition services that specifically target planning for further schooling and/or employment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Transition Services</th>
<th>At-Risk Programs</th>
<th>Neglected Programs</th>
<th>Juvenile Detention</th>
<th>Juvenile Corrections</th>
<th>Other Programs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Are facilities in your state able to collect data on student outcomes after exit?</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of students receiving transition services that address further schooling and/or employment.</td>
<td>268</td>
<td>2,247</td>
<td>896</td>
<td>279</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This response is limited to 4,000 characters.

Comments: Oklahoma has only one district that reports Other Programs as the facility type and that district does not have the ability to track student data upon exit at this time.

2.4.2.3.2 Academic and Vocational Outcomes While in the LEA Program/Facility or Within 90 Calendar Days After Exit

In the table below, for each program type, first provide the unduplicated number of students who attained academic and vocational outcomes while enrolled in the LEA program/facility and next provide the unduplicated number of students who attained academic and vocational outcomes within 90 calendar days after exiting. If a student attained an outcome once in the program/facility and once during the 90 day transition period, that student may be counted once in each column separately.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Outcomes</th>
<th>At-Risk Programs</th>
<th>Neglected Programs</th>
<th>Juvenile Detention</th>
<th>Juvenile Corrections</th>
<th>Other Programs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td># of Students Who Enrolled in their local district school</td>
<td>In fac.</td>
<td>90 days after exit</td>
<td>In fac.</td>
<td>90 days after exit</td>
<td>In fac.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>116</td>
<td>117</td>
<td>618</td>
<td>682</td>
<td>372</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Earned high school course credits</td>
<td>171</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>399</td>
<td>94</td>
<td>649</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enrolled in a GED program</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Earned a GED</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Obtained high school diploma</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accepted and/or enrolled into post-secondary education</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enrolled in job training courses/programs</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Obtained employment</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This response is limited to 4,000 characters.

Comments: Oklahoma has only one district that reports Other Programs as the facility type and that district does not have the ability to track student data upon exit at this time.
2.4.2.6 Academic Performance – Subpart 2

The following questions collect data on the academic performance of neglected and delinquent students served by Title I, Part D, Subpart 2 in reading and mathematics.

2.4.2.6.1 Academic Performance in Reading – Subpart 2

In the tables below, provide the unduplicated number of long-term students served by Title I, Part D, Subpart 2, who participated in reading testing. In the first table, report the number of students who tested below grade level upon entry based on their pre-test. A post-test is not required to answer this item. Then, indicate the number of students who completed both a pre-test and a post-test. In the second table, report only students who participated in both pre-and post-testing. Students should be reported in only one of the four change categories in the second table below. Reporting pre- and post-test data for at-risk students in the tables below is optional.

Report only information on a student's most recent testing data. Students who were pre-tested prior to July 1, 2012, may be included if their post-test was administered during the reporting year. Students who were post-tested after the reporting year ended should be counted in the following year. Below the tables is an FAQ about the data collected in these tables.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Data (Based on most recent testing data)</th>
<th>At-Risk Programs</th>
<th>Neglected Programs</th>
<th>Juvenile Detention</th>
<th>Juvenile Corrections</th>
<th>Other Programs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Long-term students who tested below grade level upon entry</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>306</td>
<td>163</td>
<td>136</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Long-term students who have complete pre- and post-test results (data)</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>332</td>
<td>211</td>
<td>207</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Of the students reported in the second row above, indicate the number who showed:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Data (Based on most recent pre/post-test data)</th>
<th>At-Risk Programs</th>
<th>Neglected Programs</th>
<th>Juvenile Detention</th>
<th>Juvenile Corrections</th>
<th>Other Programs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Negative grade level change from the pre- to post-test exams</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No change in grade level from the pre- to post-test exams</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>168</td>
<td>98</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improvement up to one full grade level from the pre- to post-test exams</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>76</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improvement of more than one full grade level from the pre- to post-test exams</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>97</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Comments:** The errors detected here are caused by the possibility of inaccurate data submitted from school districts. Districts will be contacted to verify that student counts submitted are accurate. Ramona Coats, Assistant State Superintendent. February 13, 2014

**FAQ on long-term:**

*What is long-term?* Long-term refers to students who were enrolled for at least 90 consecutive calendar days from July 1, 2012, through June 30, 2013.

*Is reporting pre-posttest data for at-risk programs required?* No, reporting pre-posttest data for at-risk students is no longer required, but States have the option to continue to collect and report it within the CSPR.
2.4.2.6.2 Academic Performance in Mathematics – Subpart 2

This section is similar to 2.4.2.6.1. The only difference is that this section collects data on mathematics performance.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Data (Based on most recent testing data)</th>
<th>At-Risk Programs</th>
<th>Neglected Programs</th>
<th>Juvenile Detention</th>
<th>Juvenile Corrections</th>
<th>Other Programs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Long-term students who tested below grade level upon entry</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>295</td>
<td>196</td>
<td>182</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Long-term students who have complete pre- and post-test results (data)</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>311</td>
<td>216</td>
<td>207</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Of the students reported in the second row above, indicate the number who showed:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Data (Based on most recent pre/post-test data)</th>
<th>At-Risk Programs</th>
<th>Neglected Programs</th>
<th>Juvenile Detention</th>
<th>Juvenile Corrections</th>
<th>Other Programs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Negative grade level change from the pre- to post-test exams</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No change in grade level from the pre- to post-test exams</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>153</td>
<td>97</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improvement up to one full grade level from the pre- to post-test exams</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>83</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>76</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improvement of more than one full grade level from the pre- to post-test exams</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>59</td>
<td>62</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments: The errors detected here are caused by the possibility of inaccurate data submitted from school districts. Districts will be contacted to verify that student counts submitted are accurate. Ramona Coats, Assistant State Superintendent. February 13, 2014

FAQ on long-term:
What is long-term? Long-term refers to students who were enrolled for at least 90 consecutive calendar days from July 1, 2012, through June 30, 2013.

Is reporting pre/post-test data for at-risk programs required? No, reporting pre/post-test data for at-risk students is no longer required, but States have the option to continue to collect and report it within the CSPR.
2.7 **SAFE AND DRUG FREE SCHOOLS AND COMMUNITIES ACT (TITLE IV, PART A)**

This section collects data on student behaviors under the *Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act*.

### 2.7.1 Performance Measures

In the table below, provide actual performance data.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Indicator</th>
<th>Instrument/Data Source</th>
<th>Frequency of Collection</th>
<th>Year of most recent collection</th>
<th>Targets</th>
<th>Actual Performance</th>
<th>Baseline</th>
<th>Year Baseline Established</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>The number of &quot;persistently dangerous schools&quot; as defined by the state.</td>
<td>Unsafe School Choice Option Online Report</td>
<td>Annual</td>
<td>2012-2013</td>
<td>2010-11: 0</td>
<td>2010-11: 0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2002-2003</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Comments:**
Five percent decrease annually of statewide bullying and/or harassment incidents by students.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Title IV Incident Report Form Online</th>
<th>Annual</th>
<th>2012-2013</th>
<th>2011-12: 35673</th>
<th>2011-12: 11637</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2013-14: 10502</td>
<td>2014-15: 9977</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>12479</td>
<td>2002-2003</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:
2.7.2 Out-of-School Suspensions and Expulsions

The following questions collect data on the out-of-school suspension and expulsion of students by grade level (e.g., K through 5, 6 through 8, 9 through 12) and type of incident (e.g., violence, weapons possession, alcohol-related, illicit drug-related).

2.7.2.1 State Definitions

In the spaces below, provide the State definitions for each type of incident.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Incident Type</th>
<th>State Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alcohol related</td>
<td>The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, or use of intoxicating beverages.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Illicit drug related</td>
<td>The unlawful use, cultivation, manufacture, distribution, sale, purchase, possession, transportation, or importation of any controlled drug or narcotic substance, or equipment and devices used for preparing or taking drugs or narcotics.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Violent incident without physical injury</td>
<td>Our state definition is &quot;physical fighting&quot; - Mutual participation in an altercation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Violent incident with physical injury</td>
<td>Our state definition is &quot;aggravated assault&quot; - When great bodily injury is inflicted upon the person assaulted; Great bodily injury means bone fracture, protracted and obvious disfigurement, protracted loss or impairment of the function of a body part, organ, or mental faculty or substantial risk of death.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weapons possession</td>
<td>Any instrument or object deliberately used to inflict harm on another person or used to intimidate any person. Included in this category are knives of any kind, chains (any not used for the purpose for which it was normally intended and capable of harming an individual) pipe (any length, metal or otherwise, not being used for the purpose for which it was intended: razor blades, or similar kinds of instruments, icepicks, dirks, or other pointed instruments (including pencils and pens), nunchaku, brass knuckles, Chinese stars, billy clubs, tear gas guns, or electrical weapons or devices (stun guns.) Includes toy guns, cap guns, BB guns, and pellet guns in this category.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:
2.7.2.2 Out-of-School Suspensions and Expulsions for Violent Incident Without Physical Injury

The following questions collect data on violent incident without physical injury.

2.7.2.2.1 Out-of-School Suspensions for Violent Incident Without Physical Injury

In the table below, provide the number of out-of-school suspensions for violent incident without physical injury by grade level. Also, provide the number of LEAs that reported data on violent incident without physical injury, including LEAs that report no incidents.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grades</th>
<th># Suspensions for Violent Incident Without Physical Injury</th>
<th># LEAs Reporting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>K through 5</td>
<td>2,448</td>
<td>521</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 through 8</td>
<td>5,069</td>
<td>521</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 through 12</td>
<td>2,638</td>
<td>521</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:

2.7.2.2.2 Out-of-School Expulsions for Violent Incident Without Physical Injury

In the table below, provide the number of out-of-school expulsions for violent incident without physical injury by grade level. Also, provide the number of LEAs that reported data on violent incident without physical injury, including LEAs that report no incidents.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grades</th>
<th># Expulsions for Violent Incident Without Physical Injury</th>
<th># LEAs Reporting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>K through 5</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>521</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 through 8</td>
<td>92</td>
<td>521</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 through 12</td>
<td>201</td>
<td>521</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:
2.7.2.3 Out-of-School Suspensions and Expulsions for Violent Incident with Physical Injury

The following questions collect data on violent incident with physical injury.

2.7.2.3.1 Out-of-School Suspensions for Violent Incident with Physical Injury

In the table below, provide the number of out-of-school suspensions for violent incident with physical injury by grade level. Also, provide the number of LEAs that reported data on violent incident with physical injury, including LEAs that report no incidents.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grades</th>
<th># Suspensions for Violent Incident with Physical Injury</th>
<th># LEAs Reporting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>K through 5</td>
<td>172</td>
<td>521</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 through 8</td>
<td>261</td>
<td>521</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 through 12</td>
<td>192</td>
<td>521</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:

2.7.2.3.2 Out-of-School Expulsions for Violent Incident with Physical Injury

In the table below, provide the number of out-of-school expulsions for violent incident with physical injury by grade level. Also, provide the number of LEAs that reported data on violent incident with physical injury, including LEAs that report no incidents.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grades</th>
<th># Expulsions for Violent Incident with Physical Injury</th>
<th># LEAs Reporting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>K through 5</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>521</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 through 8</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>521</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 through 12</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>521</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:
### 2.7.2.4.1 Out-of-School Suspensions for Weapons Possession

In the table below, provide the number of out-of-school suspensions for weapons possession by grade level. Also, provide the number of LEAs that reported data on weapons possession, including LEAs that report no incidents.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grades</th>
<th># Suspensions for Weapons Possession</th>
<th># LEAs Reporting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>K through 5</td>
<td>472</td>
<td>521</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 through 8</td>
<td>304</td>
<td>521</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 through 12</td>
<td>276</td>
<td>521</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:

### 2.7.2.4.2 Out-of-School Expulsions for Weapons Possession

In the table below, provide the number of out-of-school expulsions for weapons possession by grade level. Also, provide the number of LEAs that reported data on weapons possession, including LEAs that report no incidents.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grades</th>
<th># Expulsion for Weapons Possession</th>
<th># LEAs Reporting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>K through 5</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>521</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 through 8</td>
<td>74</td>
<td>521</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 through 12</td>
<td>116</td>
<td>521</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:
### 2.7.2.5 Out-of-School Suspensions and Expulsions for Alcohol-Related Incidents

The following questions collect data on alcohol-related incidents.

#### 2.7.2.5.1 Out-of-School Suspensions for Alcohol-Related Incidents

In the table below, provide the number of out-of-school suspensions for alcohol-related incidents by grade level. Also, provide the number of LEAs that reported data on alcohol-related incidents, including LEAs that report no incidents.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grades</th>
<th># Suspensions for Alcohol-Related Incidents</th>
<th># LEAs Reporting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>K through 5</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>521</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 through 8</td>
<td>68</td>
<td>521</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 through 12</td>
<td>277</td>
<td>521</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Comments:**

#### 2.7.2.5.2 Out-of-School Expulsions for Alcohol-Related Incidents

In the table below, provide the number of out-of-school expulsions for alcohol-related incidents by grade level. Also, provide the number of LEAs that reported data on alcohol-related incidents, including LEAs that report no incidents.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grades</th>
<th># Expulsion for Alcohol-Related Incidents</th>
<th># LEAs Reporting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>K through 5</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>521</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 through 8</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>521</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 through 12</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>521</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Comments:**
2.7.2.6 Out-of-School Suspensions and Expulsions for Illicit Drug-Related Incidents

The following questions collect data on illicit drug-related incidents.

### 2.7.2.6.1 Out-of-School Suspensions for Illicit Drug-Related Incidents

In the table below, provide the number of out-of-school suspensions for illicit drug-related incidents by grade level. Also, provide the number of LEAs that reported data on illicit drug-related incidents, including LEAs that report no incidents.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grades</th>
<th># Suspensions for Illicit Drug-Related Incidents</th>
<th># LEAs Reporting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>K through 5</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>521</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 through 8</td>
<td>558</td>
<td>521</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 through 12</td>
<td>1,268</td>
<td>521</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Comments:

2.7.2.6.2 Out-of-School Expulsions for Illicit Drug-Related Incidents

In the table below, provide the number of out-of-school expulsions for illicit drug-related incidents by grade level. Also, provide the number of LEAs that reported data on illicit drug-related incidents, including LEAs that report no incidents.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grades</th>
<th># Expulsion for Illicit Drug-Related Incidents</th>
<th># LEAs Reporting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>K through 5</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>521</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 through 8</td>
<td>166</td>
<td>521</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9 through 12</td>
<td>436</td>
<td>521</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Comments:
### 2.7.3 Parent Involvement

In the table below, provide the types of efforts your State uses to inform parents of, and include parents in, drug and violence prevention efforts. Place a check mark next to the five most common efforts underway in your State. If there are other efforts underway in your State not captured on the list, add those in the other specify section.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Yes/No</th>
<th>Parental Involvement Activities</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Information dissemination on Web sites and in publications, including newsletters, guides, brochures, and “report cards” on school performance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Training and technical assistance to LEAs on recruiting and involving parents</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No</td>
<td>State requirement that parents must be included on LEA advisory councils</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>State and local parent training, meetings, conferences, and workshops</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No</td>
<td>Parent involvement in State-level advisory groups</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No</td>
<td>Parent involvement in school-based teams or community coalitions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No</td>
<td>Parent surveys, focus groups, and/or other assessments of parent needs and program effectiveness</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No</td>
<td>Media and other campaigns (Public service announcements, red ribbon campaigns, kick-off events, parenting awareness month, safe schools week, family day, etc.) to raise parental awareness of drug and alcohol or safety issues</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Other Specify 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Other Specify 2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In the space below, specify 'other' parental activities.

The response is limited to 8,000 characters.

Other Specify 1: Safe School Committee Law on requiring parent inclusion at school site level.
Other Specify 2: Parent Resource Materials available and emailed to statewide email list.
2.9  RURAL EDUCATION ACHIEVEMENT PROGRAM (REAP) (TITLE VI, PART B, SUBPARTS 1 AND 2)

This section collects data on the Rural Education Achievement Program (REAP) Title VI, Part B, Subparts 1 and 2.

2.9.2  LEA Use of Rural Low-Income Schools Program (RLIS) (Title VI, Part B, Subpart 2) Grant Funds

In the table below, provide the number of eligible LEAs that used RLIS funds for each of the listed purposes.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Purpose</th>
<th># LEAs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Teacher recruitment and retention, including the use of signing bonuses and other financial incentives</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Teacher professional development, including programs that train teachers to utilize technology to improve teaching and to train special needs teachers</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Educational technology, including software and hardware as described in Title II, Part D</td>
<td>73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parental involvement activities</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Activities authorized under the Safe and Drug-Free Schools Program (Title IV, Part A)</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Activities authorized under Title I, Part A</td>
<td>48</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Activities authorized under Title III (Language instruction for LEP and immigrant students)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:
2.9.2.1 Goals and Objectives

In the space below, describe the progress the State has made in meeting the goals and objectives for the Rural Low-Income Schools (RLIS) Program as described in its June 2002 Consolidated State application. Provide quantitative data where available.

The response is limited to 8,000 characters.

Districts that receive Small, Rural School Achievement Program (SRSA) funds or Rural and Low-Income School Program (RLIS) funds have flexibility under ESEA sections 6213(b) and 6224(e) to use those funds for any authorized purpose regardless of the district's adequate yearly performance status.

For 2012, two percent of RLIS districts made their Math AMO for the All Students Category. In 2013, the percentage grew to 50 percent.

For 2012, two percent of RLIS districts made their Reading AMO for the All Students Category. In 2013, the percentage grew to 55 percent.

For 2012, 92 percent of RLIS districts made their Graduation AMO for the All Students Category. In 2013, the percentage shrank to 85 percent.
2.10 FUNDING TRANSFERABILITY FOR STATE AND LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCIES (TITLE VI, PART A, SUBPART 2)

2.10.1 State Transferability of Funds

In the table below, indicate whether the state transferred funds under the state transferability authority.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State Transferability of Funds</th>
<th>Yes/No</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Did the State transfer funds under the State Transferability authority of Section 6123(a) during SY 2012-13?</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:

2.10.2 Local Educational Agency (LEA) Transferability of Funds

In the table below, indicate the number of LEAs that notified that state that they transferred funds under the LEA transferability authority.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LEA Transferability of Funds</th>
<th>#</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LEAs that notified the State that they were transferring funds under the LEA Transferability authority of Section 6123(b).</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Comments:

2.10.2.1 LEA Funds Transfers

In the table below, provide the total number of LEAs that transferred funds from an eligible program to another eligible program.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Program</th>
<th># LEAs Transferring Funds FROM Eligible Program</th>
<th># LEAs Transferring Funds TO Eligible Program</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Improving Teacher Quality State Grants (Section 2121)</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Educational Technology State Grants (Section 2412(a)(2)(A))</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities (Section 4112(b)(1))</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Grants for Innovative Programs (Section 5112(a))</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Title I, Part A, Improving Basic Programs Operated by LEAs</td>
<td></td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In the table below provide the total amount of FY 2012 appropriated funds transferred from and to each eligible program.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Program</th>
<th>Total Amount of Funds Transferred FROM Eligible Program</th>
<th>Total Amount of Funds Transferred TO Eligible Program</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Improving Teacher Quality State Grants (Section 2121)</td>
<td>2,694,226.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Educational Technology State Grants (Section 2412(a)(2)(A))</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities (Section 4112(b)(1))</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>State Grants for Innovative Programs (Section 5112(a))</td>
<td>0.00</td>
<td>0.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Title I, Part A, Improving Basic Programs Operated by LEAs</td>
<td>2,694,226.00</td>
<td>2,694,226.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total

2,694,226.00 2,694,226.00

Comments:

The Department plans to obtain information on the use of funds under both the State and LEA Transferability Authority through evaluation studies.
2.11 GRADUATION RATES

This section collects graduation rates.

2.11.1 Regulatory Adjusted Cohort Graduation Rates

In the table below, provide the graduation rates calculated using the methodology that was approved as part of the State’s accountability plan for the current school year (SY 2012-13). Below the table are FAQs about the data collected in this table.

Note: States are not required to report these data by the seven (7) racial/ethnic groups; instead, they are required to report these data by the major racial and ethnic groups that are identified in their Accountability Workbooks. The charts below display racial/ethnic data that has been mapped back from the major racial and ethnic groups identified in their workbooks, to the 7 racial/ethnic groups to allow for the examination of data across states.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Student Group</th>
<th>Graduation Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All Students</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>American Indian or Alaska Native</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian or Pacific Islander</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black or African American</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic or Latino</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Two or more races</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Children with disabilities (IDEA)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limited English proficient (LEP) students</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Economically disadvantaged students</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

FAQs on graduation rates:

What is the regulatory adjusted cohort graduation rate? For complete definitions and instructions, please refer to the non-regulatory guidance, which can be found here: http://www2.ed.gov/policy/elsec/guid/hsgrguidance.pdf.

The response is limited to 8,000 characters.

Oklahoma’s Accountability office has discussed this issue with the USDE. We need to remove the data used from the previous year. We will not be submitting any data this year. We understand that we can be penalized for this, but the Oklahoma State Department of Education has exhausted its available options. We do not have certified data with which to calculate the 12-13 Grad rate, and won’t within the correction period. The deadline for the 13-14 data is being moved up to accommodate a timely submission next year.

4 The "Asian/Pacific Islander" row in the tables below represent either the value reported by the state to the Department of Education for the major racial and ethnic group "Asian/Pacific Islander" or an aggregation of values reported by the state for the major racial and ethnic groups "Asian" and "Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander or Pacific Islander" (and "Filipino" in the case of California). When the values reported in the Asian/Pacific Islander row represent the U. S. Department of Education aggregation of other values reported by the state, the detail for "Asian" and "Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander" are also included in the following rows. Disaggregated reporting for the adjusted cohort graduation rate data is done according to the provisions outlined within each state’s Accountability Workbook. Accordingly, not every state uses major racial and ethnic groups which enable detail of Asian American/Pacific Islander (AAPI) populations.
2.12 LISTS OF SCHOOLS AND DISTRICTS

This section contains data on school statuses. States with approved ESEA Flexibility requests should follow the instructions in sections 2.12.1 and 2.12.3. All other states should follow the instructions in sections 2.12.2 and 2.12.4. These tables will be generated based on data submitted to EDFacts and included as part of each state's certified report; states will no longer upload their lists separately. Data will be generated into separate reports for each question listed below.

2.12.1 List of Schools for ESEA Flexibility States

2.12.1.1 List of Reward Schools

Instructions for States that identified reward schools\(^6\) under ESEA flexibility for SY 2013-14: Provide the information listed in the bullets below for those schools.

- District Name
- District NCES ID Code
- School Name
- School NCES ID Code
- Whether the school met the proficiency target in reading/language arts in accordance with the State's approved ESEA flexibility request
- Whether the school met the 95 percent participation rate target for the reading/language arts assessment
- Whether the school met the proficiency target in mathematics in accordance with the State's approved ESEA flexibility request
- Whether the school met the 95 percent participation rate target for the mathematics assessment
- Whether the school met the other academic indicator for elementary/middle schools (if applicable) in accordance with the State's approved ESEA flexibility request
- Whether the school met the graduation rate goal or target for high schools (if applicable) in accordance with the State's approved ESEA flexibility request
- If applicable, State-specific status in addition to reward (e.g., grade, star, or level)
- Whether the school was identified as a high progress or high performing reward school
- Whether (yes or no) the school is a Title I school (This information must be provided by all States.)
- Whether (yes or no) the school was provided assistance through 1003(a).
- Whether (yes or no) the school was provided assistance through 1003(g).

The data for this question are reported through EDFacts files and compiled in the EDEN030 "List of Reward Schools+" report in the EDFacts Reporting System (ERS). The EDFacts files and data groups used in this report are listed in the CSPR Crosswalk. The CSPR Data Key contains more detailed information on how the data are populated into the report.

Before certifying Part II of the CSPR, a state user must run the EDEN030 report in ERS and verify that the state's data are correct. The final, certified data from this report will be made publicly available alongside the state's certified CSPR PDF.

\(^6\) The definition of reward schools is provided in the document titled, ESEA Flexibility. This document may be accessed on the Department's Web page at [http://www.ed.gov/esea/flexibility/documents/esea-flexibility.doc](http://www.ed.gov/esea/flexibility/documents/esea-flexibility.doc)
2.12.1.2 List of Priority and Focus Schools

Instructions for States that identified priority and focus schools 8 under ESEA flexibility for SY 2013-14: Provide the information listed in the bullets below for those schools.

- District Name
- District NCES ID Code
- School Name
- School NCES ID Code
- Whether the school met the proficiency target in reading/language arts in accordance with the State's approved ESEA flexibility request
- Whether the school met the 95 percent participation rate target for the reading/language arts assessment
- Whether the school met the proficiency target in mathematics in accordance with the State's approved ESEA flexibility request
- Whether the school met the 95 percent participation rate target for the mathematics assessment
- Whether the school met the other academic indicator for elementary/middle schools (if applicable) in accordance with the State's approved ESEA flexibility request
- Whether the school met the graduation rate goal or target for high schools (if applicable) in accordance with the State's approved ESEA flexibility request
- Status for SY 2013-14 (Use one of the following status designations: priority or focus)
- If applicable, State-specific status in addition to priority or focus (e.g., grade, star, or level)
- Whether (yes or no) the school is a Title I school (This information must be provided by all States.)
- Whether (yes or no) the school was provided assistance through Section 1003(a).
- Whether (yes or no) the school was provided assistance through Section 1003(g).

The data for this question are reported through EDFacts files and compiled in the EDEN031 "List of Priority and Focus Schools" report in the EDFacts Reporting System (ERS). The EDFacts files and data groups used in this report are listed in the CSPR Crosswalk. The CSPR Data Key contains more detailed information on how the data are populated into the report.

Before certifying Part II of the CSPR, a state user must run the EDEN031 report in ERS and verify that the state's data are correct. The final, certified data from this report will be made publicly available alongside the state's certified CSPR PDF.

8 The definitions of priority and focus schools are provided in the document titled, ESEA Flexibility. This document may be accessed on the Department's Web page at http://www.ed.gov/esea/flexibility/documents/esea-flexibility.doc
2.12.1.3 List of Other Identified Schools

Instructions for States that identified non-priority, focus, or reward schools\(^9\) with State-specific statuses under ESEA flexibility for SY 2013-14: Provide the information listed in the bullets below for those schools.

- District Name
- District NCES ID Code
- School Name
- School NCES ID Code
- Whether the school met the proficiency target in reading/language arts in accordance with the State's approved ESEA flexibility request
- Whether the school met the 95 percent participation rate target for the reading/language arts assessment
- Whether the school met the proficiency target in mathematics in accordance with the State's approved ESEA flexibility request
- Whether the school met the 95 percent participation rate target for the mathematics assessment
- Whether the school met the other academic indicator for elementary/middle schools (if applicable) in accordance with the State's approved ESEA flexibility request
- Whether the school met the graduation rate goal or target for high schools (if applicable) in accordance with the State's approved ESEA flexibility request
- State-specific designation (e.g., grade, star, or level)
- Whether (yes or no) the school is a Title I school (\textit{This information must be provided by all States.})
- Whether (yes or no) the school was provided assistance through Section 1003(a).
- Whether (yes or no) the school was provided assistance through Section 1003(g).

The data for this question are reported through EDFacts files and compiled in the EDEN032 "List of Other Identified Schools" report in the EDFacts Reporting System (ERS). The EDFacts files and data groups used in this report are listed in the CSPR Crosswalk. The CSPR Data Key contains more detailed information on how the data are populated into the report.

Before certifying Part II of the CSPR, a state user must run the EDEN032 report in ERS and verify that the state's data are correct. The final, certified data from this report will be made publicly available alongside the state's certified CSPR PDF.

\(^9\) The definitions of reward, priority, and focus schools are provided in the document titled, ESEA Flexibility. This document may be accessed on the Department's Web page at \url{http://www.ed.gov/esea/flexibility/documents/esea-flexibility.doc}.
2.12.2 List of Schools for All Other States

2.12.2.1 Instructions for States that identified schools for improvement, corrective action, or restructuring under ESEA section 1116 for SY 2013-14: Provide the information listed in the bullets below for those schools.

- District Name
- District NCES ID Code
- School Name
- School NCES ID Code
- Whether the school met the proficiency target in reading/language arts in accordance with the State's Accountability Plan
- Whether the school met the 95 percent participation rate target for the reading/language arts assessment
- Whether the school met the proficiency target in mathematics in accordance with the State's Accountability Plan
- Whether the school met the 95 percent participation rate target for the mathematics assessment
- Whether the school met the other academic indicator for elementary/middle schools (if applicable) in accordance with the State's Accountability Plan
- Whether the school met the graduation rate target for high schools (if applicable) in accordance with the State's Accountability Plan
- Status for SY 2013-14 (Use one of the following status designations: School Improvement – Year 1, School Improvement – Year 2, Corrective Action, Restructuring Year 1 (planning), or Restructuring Year 2 (implementing)10
- Whether (yes or no) the school is a Title I school (This information must be provided by all States.)
- Whether (yes or no) the school was provided assistance through Section 1003(a).
- Whether (yes or no) the school was provided assistance through Section 1003(g).

The data for this question are reported through EDFacts files and compiled in the EDEN033 "List of Schools Identified for Improvement" report in the EDFacts Reporting System (ERS). The EDFacts files and data groups used in this report are listed in the CSPR Crosswalk. The CSPR Data Key contains more detailed information on how the data are populated into the report.

Before certifying Part II of the CSPR, a state user must run the EDEN033 report in ERS and verify that the state's data are correct. The final, certified data from this report will be made publicly available alongside the state's certified CSPR PDF.

10 The school improvement statuses are defined in LEA and School Improvement Non-Regulatory Guidance. This document may be accessed on the Department's Web page at http://www.ed.gov/policy/elsec/guid/schoolimprovementguid.doc.
2.12.3 List of Districts for ESEA Flexibility States

2.12.3.1 List of Identified Districts with State Specific Statuses

Instructions for States that identified school districts with State-specific statuses under ESEA Flexibility for SY 2013-14: Provide the information listed in the bullets below for those districts.

- District Name
- District NCES ID Code
- Whether the district met the proficiency target in reading/language arts in accordance with the State's approved ESEA Flexibility request
- Whether the district met the 95 percent participation rate target for the reading/language arts assessment
- Whether the district met the proficiency target in mathematics in accordance with the State's approved ESEA Flexibility request
- Whether the district met the 95 percent participation rate target for the mathematics assessment
- Whether the district met the other academic indicator for elementary/middle schools (if applicable) in accordance with the State's approved ESEA Flexibility request
- Whether the district met the graduation rate for high schools (if applicable) in accordance with the State's approved ESEA Flexibility request
- State-specific status for SY 2013-14 (e.g., grade, star, or level)
- Whether the district received Title I funds.

The data for this question are reported through EDFacts files and compiled in the EDEN034 "List of Identified Districts with State Specific Statuses" report in the EDFacts Reporting System (ERS). The EDFacts files and data groups used in this report are listed in the CSPR Crosswalk. The CSPR Data Key contains more detailed information on how the data are populated into the report.

Before certifying Part II of the CSPR, a state user must run the EDEN034 report in ERS and verify that the state's data are correct. The final, certified data from this report will be made publicly available alongside the state's certified CSPR PDF.
2.12.4 List of Districts for All Other States

2.12.4.1 List of Districts Identified for Improvement

Instructions for States that identified school districts for improvement or corrective action under ESEA section 1116 for SY 2013-14: Provide the information listed in the bullets below for those districts.

- District Name
- District NCES ID Code
- Whether the district met the proficiency target in reading/language arts as outlined in the State's Accountability Plan
- Whether the district met the participation rate target for the reading/language arts assessment
- Whether the district met the proficiency target in mathematics as outlined in the State's Accountability Plan
- Whether the district met the participation rate target for the mathematics assessment
- Whether the district met the other academic indicator for elementary/middle schools (if applicable) as outlined in the State's Accountability Plan
- Whether the district met the graduation rate for high schools (if applicable) as outlined in the State's Accountability Plan
- Improvement status for SY 2013-14 (Use one of the following improvement status designations: Improvement or Corrective Action)
- Whether the district received Title I funds.

The data for this question are reported through EDFacts files and compiled in the EDEN035 "List of Districts Identified for Improvement" report in the EDFacts Reporting System (ERS). The EDFacts files and data groups used in this report are listed in the CSPR Crosswalk. The CSPR Data Key contains more detailed information on how the data are populated into the report.

Before certifying Part II of the CSPR, a state user must run the EDEN035 report in ERS and verify that the state's data are correct. The final, certified data from this report will be made publicly available alongside the state's certified CSPR PDF.

The school improvement statuses are defined in LEA and School Improvement Non-Regulatory Guidance. This document may be accessed on the Department's Web page at http://www.ed.gov/policy/elsec/guid/schoolimprovementguid.doc.